THE
Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,373—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st July	HIMALAYA a	6898	...	...
8th „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
15th „	ARABIA	7933	...	...
22nd „	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
29th „	EGYPT	7912	...	...
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	7911
12th „	PERSIA	7951	...	...
19th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
26th „	CALEDONIA	7553	...	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
9th „	OCEANA	6610	...	...
16th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd „	ARABIA	7933	...	...
30th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
7th Octr	EGYPT	7912	...	...
14th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
21st „	PERSIA	7951	...	...
28th „	MANTUA b	10885	CHINA	7932

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

a This Steamer will call at BRINDISI.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

ELLERMAN'S

CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE)

CORONATION DURBAR AT DELHI

(12th December, 1911.)

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1911	Due Bombay about 1911	Leave Karachi about 1911	Leave Bombay about 1911
City of York	7810	3 June	25 June	13 July	...
City of Paris	9200	27 May	17 June	19 July	...
City of Glasgow	6529	19 June	12 July	1 Aug.	...
Trafford Hall	5321	12 July	5 Aug.	25 Aug.	...
City of Calcutta	7512	23 July	14 Aug.	2 Sept.	...
City of Lahore	7163	1 Augt.	24 Aug.	13 Sept.	...
City of Athens	5594	24 Augt.	16 Sept.	...	30 Sept.
City of York	7810	19 Sept.	11 Oct.	31 Oct.	...
City of Vienna	4672	28 Sept.	25 Oct.	...	15 Nov.
City of Benares	6974	7 Oct.	29 Oct.	22 Nov.	...
City of London	9000	14 Oct.	4 Nov.	For Calcutta	
Trafford Hall	5321	23 Oct.	17 Nov.	9 Dec.	...
City of Lahore	7163	30 Oct.	21 Nov.	16 Dec.	19 Dec.
City of Birmingham	7000	4 Nov.	27 Nov.	23 Dec.	...
City of Athens	5594	16 Nov.	9 Dec.	8 Jan'12	6 Jan'12
City of York	7810	16 Dec.	8 Jan'12	29 Jan.	1 Feb.
City of Glasgow	6529	13 Jan'12.	4 Feb.	26 Feb.	29 Feb.
Trafford Hall	5321	23 Jan.	17 Feb.	13 Mar	...
City of Calcutta	7512	3 Feb.	26 Feb.	23 Mar.	26 Mar.
City of Birmingham	7000	10 Feb.	4 Mar.	3 Apl.	...
City of Athens	5594	20 Feb.	14 Mar.	31 Mar.	13 Apl
City of Manchester	5551	2 Mar.	23 Mar.	17 Apl.	...
City of York	7810	12 Mar.	4 Apl.	27 Apl.	30 Apl.
City of Corinth	5443	28 Mar.	18 Apl	11 May	14 May
City of Glasgow	6529	10 Apr.	3 May	25 May	28 May

NOTE.—All the above steamers have second class accommodation except the City of Vienna, Trafford Hall and City of Corinth.

FARES	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Marseilles	573	891	429	649
„ London via Marseilles	653	1,011	459	819
„ Liverpool	605	957	462	701

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised Include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice versa.

JOINT SERVICE.
in connection with

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes. Campbell & Co., Ld.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs. 29th June	11 a.m.	direct.
Linga	2185	Fri. 30th June	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 29th June calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Malda," 1951 tons, sailing on or about Wednesday, 5th July, calling at Ports as inducement offers, for particulars of which apply to the Undersigned.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 13th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura," 3308 tons, sailing on or about 1st July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

29th June, 1911.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers!	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
Koerber	5423	D. Cosulich	1st July 1911
Trieste	5095	N. Iavanoich	1st Aug. „
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Sep. „
Africa	4720	E. Seberich	1st Octr „
Bohemia	4284	G. Gillhaber	16th „ „

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th July.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.

ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450 & 500*
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London	„ 545 „ 635*
Saloon Class to London and back	„ 865 „ 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 525
Intermediate Class to London	„ 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	„ 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
„ Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675
Saloon Class to London	„ 545 to 585
„ Class to London and back	„ 865 to 945

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Vorwaerts	R. Dannecker	5990	25th July 1911

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy.

52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

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NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2 Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3 Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

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THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,

BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH
JOHORE,
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING
PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
SHANGHAI
Do HONGKEW
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS...	... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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Bombay
Changchun
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Ryojun (Port Arthur)
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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N. IGARASHI,
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Post Box No. 207,
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COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

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A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Penang
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)
Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)
Klang (F. M. States.
Seremban (F. M. States.
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon
Manilla
Cebu
Hongkong
Canton.
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

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FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

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9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*

9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*

If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

ART

Art is the expression of man's joy in his work.—William Morris.

Assisted by the skilled experience of the gem cutter and mounter, the art of Jewelry Manufacture has grown from the coarser ideals of the past into progressive daintiness and refinement which has helped to furnish unceasingly modern conceptions and character in the various ornaments which add beauty and grace to the fashionably dressed. Gems and pearls have undoubtedly given an essential and reciprocating influence to the high standard which has already been attained. Compare the little jewelled knick-knacks of to-day with the crude and rude lumps and bands of gold of three or four decades back, the difference in workmanship and design will strikingly disclose themselves. The brooch, the bracelet, the pendant, the necklace and other dainty trinkets of to-day would be absolutely ashamed of their prototypes of a past age. The present prevailing tendency for quaintness and delicacy have called into manufacture a collection of various ornaments of the most delightful trellised and interwoven patterns, and these have been speedily followed by an invasion of new designs for finger-rings and ear-rings, in gold and platimun lacework of the most charming description, enriched with gems, showing an absolute banishment of the so-called "Indian setting" which invariably implied faulty stones.

In his attempts to obtain the maximum of effect, the gem mounter has been guided in the choice of his setting by quality, colour and form. It is only well cut, clear, pure gems with uniform and uninterrupted polished surfaces which afford scope for the exercise of distintive taste and judgment by the jeweller, and which qualities make up the features of a jeweller's refined and dainty stock.

Messrs. Marcks & Co. are sure that a half hour spent in looking over their collection of jewelled novelties will give the utmost pleasure. You are cordially invited to call and you will not be troubled by any of our staff with even a suspicion of a request to purchase.

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FRENCH COFFEE, PURE COFFEE,

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THE COFFEE OF THE DAY

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C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

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105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE

CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES, AND

EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

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Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	„ „
Monkey	125°	„ „
Elephant in tins and bulk.		

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The drink **YOU NEED** this Hot Weather is a "**VITALIA**" Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food "**VITALIA.**"

Ask for it at

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

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scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 64 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

CLARKES
B. 41.
PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay, No. 2.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT ACT 1898.

NOTIFICATION OF ALTERATION OF PART OF A STREET SCHEME

SCHEME IV.

WHEREAS a Notification of a STREET SCHEME made by the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay (being Scheme IV) was duly published under the provisions of the above Act in the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 29th December, 1893, and thereafter the said Trustees applied to Government for and obtained sanction to the said Scheme, such application being accompanied by (inter alia) a statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired therefor and a Schedule showing the rateable value of the said land and of other lands in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 and 32 of the said Act.

AND WHEREAS the said statement of land proposed to be acquired included a certain piece of land or passage hereinafter referred to, but owing to divers alterations in the said Scheme and ultimately by Resolution by the said Trustees No. 173, dated 8th August, 1905, the said Scheme was altered so as to leave the said land or passage outside the boundary of the area as comprised in the said Scheme.

AND WHEREAS it appears to the said Trustees that an improvement can be made in the part of the said Scheme the limits whereof are hereinafter mentioned and the said Trustees have altered such part for the purpose of making such improvement.

AND WHEREAS the said improvement involves the acquisition otherwise than by agreement of the said piece of land or passage which is more particularly specified in the accompanying statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired.

NOW IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED pursuant to Section 27 (1) 29 (c) and 32, of the said Act, that the said part of the said Scheme has been so altered as aforesaid.

The limits of the area comprised in the altered part of the Scheme are as follows:—

On the North other portion of the passage a portion of which is now proposed to be acquired.
On the South East by property bearing D Ward No. 2910.
On the South West the Hughes Road &
On the North West land of the said Trustees known as Plot No. 3 of their Gamdevi Estate and which has been let on building lease to Mr. Jehangir Byramji Murzban.

The office of the said Trustees at the Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay, is the place where the particulars of the altered part of the Scheme, a Map of the area comprised therein and a statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired may be seen at all reasonable hours.—Dated this twenty-seventh day of June, 1911.

J. P. ORR,
Chairman of the Board.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS FROM BOMBAY TO SIMLA.

FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for two months from the date of issue, will be issued on any date commencing from the 11th May, during May, June and July from Bombay to Simla, via Delhi and the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway, at the Reduced Fare of Rs. 128-10-0.

2. Passengers for Simla are recommended to travel by the Punjab Mail leaving Bombay at 2-30 p.m., and to change into the through carriage attached to the Train at Delhi for Kalka.

3. On the Return Journey, passengers are recommended to travel in the Delhi through carriage leaving Kalka 10-30 P.M., arriving Delhi 5-34 A.M., and change at Delhi into the Punjab Mail leaving that Station at 9-15 A.M.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Dated 27th June, 1911.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

WORKSHOPS FOREMAN.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Undersigned upto the 20th day of July, 1911, for the POST of HEAD FOREMAN, Municipal Workshops, on a salary of Rs. 250 per month, rising by annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 300 per month with free quarters.

Applicants should be between the ages of 27 and 35 and should be conversant with all branches of a general engineering workshops (exclusive of foundry), and should possess a 2nd Class Bombay Boiler Act certificate.

The appointment is pensionable under the Municipal pension rules and leave is granted according to the Uncovenanted C. S. Regulations.

Apply with full particulars of training and copies of recent testimonials to

JAMES W. MACKISON, B. Sc., A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality,
Municipal Office,
Bombay, 28th June, 1911.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on TUESDAY, the 8th day of August, 1911, for the SUPPLY of HYDRANTS and SLUICE VALVES.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor, whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
KAIKHOSHRO N. R. RANINA,
Ag. Storekeeper, Municipality.
Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 23rd June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

EXPRESS SERVICE TO SIMLA.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS DURING THE HOT WEATHER THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

THE EXPRESS through service between BOMBAY, and KALKA via the NAGDA MUTTRA RAILWAY, DELHI, MEERUT and SAHARANPUR, is worked with corridor Trains fitted with Electric Lights and Fans. Refreshment Cars are attached between Baroda and Muttra to which First and Second Class passengers have access from early in the morning to late at night. The duration of the journey between Bombay and Simla is approximately 46 hours. First Class Return Tickets available for two months are issued from 1st May to 31st July (inclusive), at the following greatly reduced rates between the undermentioned Stations, on the B. B. & C. I. and R. M. Railways and Simla.

Stations.	Return Fares Rs. a. p.	Timings. Up	Down.
Bombay ...	... 128 10 0	Arr. 7-15	Dep. 21-15
Mhow ...	... 108 9 0	„ 22-40	„ 5-20
Neemuch	... 95 14 0	„ 23-30	„ 4-55
Nasirabad	... 85 13 0	„ 8-3	„ 19-55
	Simla	Dep. 8-15	Arr. 18 30

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld"

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS.

IT is hereby notified that at a Meeting, to be held shortly, the Syndicate will proceed to make appointments to the various University Examinerships for the current year, when they will be glad to consider any applications that may have been forwarded to the Registrar not later than MONDAY, the 17th July, 1911. Forms of application and full particulars in regard to the Examinerships may be obtained on application to the Office of the Undersigned.

By Order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882

and

In the matter of the Tricumdas Mills Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Second Dividend of Anna One in the Rupee has been declared in this matter and made payable at the Mill Office, Oriental Buildings, Fort Bombay, to the creditors whose claims are allowed by the Judge in Chambers, on or after the 5th instant of July, 1911, (Except Sundays and Court Holidays), between the hours of 12 and 3 P. M.

R. D. SETHNA,
Official Liquidator.
Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BAI MANEKBAI, widow of MAVJI TOOLSIDAS, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu inhabitant deceased.

BAI KABIBAI, wife of DEVJI GOPALDAS and daughter's daughter of the said deceased, residing at King Road within the Fort of Bombay ...... Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Twenty-third day of June, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eleven and in the Second year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 24th day of June, 1911.
Mr. DADACHANJI and POCHA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..............	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	„ 17,62,500
Reserve Fund	„ 5,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India.

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager
Standard Buildings Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... „	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND......... „	3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent, per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

"Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application."

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.......	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..........	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Tuticorin,

Cochin,
Chittagong,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newara-Eliya,
Aden (Camp.)

Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Nakuru,
Kisumu,
Jinja,
Kampala,
Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY,

W. J. K. HEGARTY
Acting Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH IN PHOTOGRAPHY
"THE COURIER OF LYONS."
The wonderful tale of mistaken identity.
"THE INDIAN CRICKET TEAM"
At the nets at Lords.
"FOOLSHEAD, WRANGLER FOR LOVE."
A scream of laughter
and
our usual popular programme.
Every Session.
Packed to the door SATURDAY and SUNDAY

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BRITANNIA CINEMATOGRAPH.

BALIWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE,
TARDEO.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

GRAND ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.
None but the Brave deserve the Fair (M. Prince).
A CRIME IN THE MOUNTAINS.
YOUR LICENSE PLEASE.
A WOMAN'S INGRATITUDE.
SERVANTS AND MASTERS (MAX LINDER)
NOMADES
AT THE CINEMATOGRAPH THEATRE.
ORDERLY (MAX LINDER).
FOUR SHOWS.

Time:—7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11; 11-15 to 12-15 (S. T.)

HALF PRICES.

SKATING RINK.

MONSOON SEASON.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.

SATURDAY, July 1st, at 9-30 P. M.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

The sale of furniture, etc., of the late R. H. S. ISSAC, advertised to take place TO-DAY, is POSTPONED, until further Notice.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 29th June, 1911.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,

No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 3rd July, 1911, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as chairs, sofas, easy chairs, cupboards, almiras, dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, piano, phonographs with records, typewriters, iron safes, etc.

At 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 „ vis-a-vis.
and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE OF very Valuable Landed Property Situate at 1st Marine Street near the Native Soldiers' Hospital and facing the Queen's Road.

Under instructions from Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Romer, Attorneys for Sir Adamjee Peerbhoy and Sons, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 26th day of July, 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following very valuable landed property on the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate at 1st Marine Street, in the Town and Island of Bombay, and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 555 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 515, New No. 2525, Old Survey No. ¼ and New Survey No. 8455, and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "A" Ward Nos. 3682-3684, Street Nos. 7-17 and 1 to 6 and 17-21-23-25-27-29, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property formerly belonging to Jeewanjee Mowjee, on or toward the south by a Mahomedan Graveyard, on or towards the east by a Musjid, and on or towards the West by the said 1st Marine Street, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Romer, Solicitors for the Venders at their office or to the Undersigned at No. 16 Apollo Street, Fort.

N.B.—The above property affords good scope to capitalists for developement, situate as it is in one of the most important and healthy thoroughfares and faces the sea on the Queen's Road.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 29th June, 1911.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins) .	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins) ..	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¼ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand I) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ⅜d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values —Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

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GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, or sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

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WE SEND YOU FREE
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A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.

New features, including illustrations are added in the second year.

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Interesting Throughout.
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Absolutely sure medium.

Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
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"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it." Lancet.

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
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WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for
over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.,

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 83,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE
RATES AND CONDITIONS
OF THE
Empire of India Life Office
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the
ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET
To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS

are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

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ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.
Managers.

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Shipped by T. HINE & Co.,
COGNAC.
(ESTABLISHED 1763.)

T. HINE & Co.'s
V. S. O. P. BRANDY.
(of very superior Old Liqueur Brandy, imported for the first time in India, 40 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 120

T. HINE & Co.'s
3 STARS BRANDY.
(Very superior Old Brandy, 21 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 62

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PALE ONE STAR BRANDY.
(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)
(9 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 50

Sole Agents for India:—
CROFT MODY & Co.,
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Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
AND
Messrs. DENISON & CO.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS & PROPRIETORS OF PRINTING PRESSES.

THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press:—

2 Type casting Machines.
1 Ruling Machine.
2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines.
1 Backing Machine (for Book-binding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,

Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc,
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert!

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

INSURANCES.

DECLARATION OF BONUS.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princess Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed......£19,000,000.

The Directors have declared the sum of £1,402,253 available for division among Participating Life Policy-holders, yielding a bonus at the rate of £1-10-0 per cent. per annum. This, if calculated on the original sum insured, is equivalent on some of the oldest Policies to £3-13-0 per cent. per annum.

For latest prospectus, particulars of New Schemes and Proposal Forms apply to

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.

NORTH BRITISH AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,75,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.

REDUCED RATES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1910.

Policies issued...	...6,650 for	£. 2,345,731
New Premiums (1910)	...	„ 109,674
Annual Income	...	„ 1,451,086
Assets	...	„ 10,466,010
Total Payments under Policies		„ 26,765,113
Actuarially Certified Profits for the Quinquennium ending December 31st 1910 ...	...	£ 442,000

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.

Indian Lives at European Rates.

Assurances, Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.

Apply—

CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID..................	£ 28,590,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS...	12,750,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,525,000
BONUS DECLARED.........	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1½ per cent (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 8
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	2 8	„ 2 0

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

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Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... TWO ANNAS.

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For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ...	... Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line... ...	... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	... Rs. 6-0	Per Inch.
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8	do.
Third Insertion ...	„ 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards ...	„ 2-0	do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, June 27.] [BOMBAY, June 28.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	79 3-4	1-16	
do. Rentes	95 1-4	unchgd	
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.	94	1-4	
do. Govt. Securities	84 3-8	unchgd	
Bar Silver in London	24 7-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence	24 1-2	1-16	
do. in New York	52 7-8	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·31 1-2	1-2	
do. at Berlin	20·42 1-2	unchgd	
do. at New York	4·83 1-8	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c. 9th Mar.	since	
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	2 3-8	unchgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3	1-8	
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 7-8	unchgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 3-8	unchgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans	1 5-8	1-8	
Interest 7 day Market Loans	2 7-8	1-2	

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—China buying.

Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £300,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier.	Increased demand.
Futures	...	Irregular
East Indian	...	......
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry.	
Total Sales	...	7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	500
Imports	...	7,000
Mid Americans	...	8·03—10
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown		10 1-2 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
7·81	7·76	7·49	7·14	7·00
+06	+06	+06	+08	+07

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·95	6·94	6·94	6·95
+07	+07	+07	+07

New York Official Noon Call July 14·51, Oct. 13·19

New Orleans 10 a.m. July 14·39 Oct. 13·07

NEW YORK—

		Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...	1,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year	...	4,000
Exports to Great Britain	...	7,008
Exports to Continent	...	......
Spot Cotton		14·20+15

Futures—Month of July 14·68+20
Futures—Month of Oct 13·23+16
{ Advanced on bullish private crop reports and on bull support and short covering.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...15 1-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of July	...14·87+11
Do. do Oct.	...13·11+16
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Easy.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ...33 1-8+1-8
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Red Karachi ...32 5-8 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ...3,220,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...32 7-3
Do. Months—June-July—Sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...33 7-8
Do. Month—June—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...43 1-2+1-2
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...45 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...40 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Antwerp.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...69 1-8—2-3
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...63—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13+1-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber .. 4 0 1-2—Value—Firmer.

METALS—
Copper Braziers ...£ 68 1-2
Yellow Metal ...d 6
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...£57 1-8

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay ...10

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ...13 9 3-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...July-Aug.
Tone—Steady—Fair demand.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...12 10 1-2—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ...June.
Tone—Nothing doing and prices nominal.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ...10-11—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Firmer owing to crop reports unfavorable.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...14 9 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July-August.
Tone—Quiet but firm.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...June.
Tone—Quiet.
Java—General Tone—Quiet and no business doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [28TH June, 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 26th June, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	55	[illegible]
B B and C I Railway	51	59,801

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The tone of the market was steadier on opening this morning though quotations were practically unchanged. There has been little doing to-day, the Banks having closed early pending the allotments of Council Bills. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct.
Do. do France	...170 1-2
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...133 1-2
Shanghai "	...178
Japan "	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 3-8 for Cash and 96 5-16 for the 1st Settlement and has kept at practically the same rates during the day. At the close we quote :—

We quote :—

Cash ...	... Rs.	96	5	0
1st Settlement	... "	96	5	0
2nd "	... "	96	1	6

BULLION :—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London was steadier and closed 1-16 up for ready and forward at 24 7-16 and 24 1-2 respectively. New York was 1-8 higher at 52 7-8. The local market opened at 62 1-16 ex duty for ready bars, and has remained unchanged. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs	24	0	0
Australian " ...	...	"	24	0	0
Sovereigns " ...	...	"	15	0	0
Silver Ready ex-duty	...	"	62	1	0
" 1st settlement ...	...	"	62	2	0
" 2nd Settlement ...	...	"	62	3	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The better advices from the Home markets, and the continued want of rain up-country, have caused a further advance in the price of new crop. Exporters are in the market for Bengals and Khamgaon-Akola January, but sellers are holding off as the absence of rain is causing anxiety, and they are disinclined to operate.

For ready cotton there is a moderate enquiry. Prices are well maintained particularly for high classes.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	...	Rs. 313 1-2	March
Fine M G Nagpur ...	...	" 313	Jan.
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola.		304	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	" 282	"
Fine M G Bengal ...	...	" 296	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	" 286	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	...	" 278	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	...	" 252	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	7,000 bales
Total Imports	...	4,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
7·84	7·79	7·52	7·17
+03	+03	+03	+03

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·03	6·98	6·96	6·96	6·97
+03	+03	+02	+02	+02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steady.
We quote :—
Ready " ... Rs. 12 0 0 B. T.
September ... ... " 12 14 6 R. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—
Yellow Guzerat ready ... " 7 11 0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ... " 6 13 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 51 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... " 57 0 0
Black Kutni ... " 43 0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 21 8 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady.
We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 9 15 0 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone quiet but steady.
We Quote :—
Bold ... Rs. 40 8 0
Small ... " 39 0 0

MOWRASEED :—Tone quiet.
July-August ... Rs. 7 1 0 R. T.

WHEAT :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—
White Delhi ready. ... Rs. 4 11 0 R. T.
" " Sept ... Rs. 5 2 0 R. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,710
Bank of Burma	137
Bank of India	68 1-2
Eastern Bank	78 1-2
Indian Specie	52 1-2

MILLS.

David	390
Kohinoor	667 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,632 1-2
New Great Eastern	177 1-2

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	140

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary	138
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference	172
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord.	280
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	17 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	490

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	7,606 bales
Wheat	22,857 cwts.
Linseed	10,912 "
Rapeseed	733 "
Gingellyseed	188 "
Poppyseed	1,927 "
Groundnuts	173 "
Castorseed	5,753 "
Rice	3,644 "
Myrabollams	426 "
Cottonseed	6,444 "
Mowraseed	8,448 "
Gram	449 "
Joowar	1,078 "
Maize	494 "

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas—Jhudo Feeder for the week ending 10th June 1911, were Rs. 2,120, making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1911 to 10th June 1911, Rs. 45,402.

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 28.

The dulness in the Jute market is attributed to the approach of the forecast, and divergent exports as to the crop make buyers and sellers alike chary of doing business. In the Gunny market, too, hand to mouth policy is being adopted, buying being confined to special lines for which full prices are paid.

Business in the Share market was on a very small scale and though there was some inquiry for tea shares, sellers did not consider the offers good enough.

In the Money market the rates are fully maintained but an abnormally small amount of business is passing.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 26th June.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1911-12 .... £ 17,158,800
Remitted from 1st April 1911 to 24th June 1911, by Council Bills............ £ 7,056,087
Balance to be remitted from 25th June 1911 to 31st March 1912 .... £ 10,102,213

a Of this sum £1,333,300 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve for investment in Consols.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—40 bales wool, S Gambhirchand; 86 bales wool, N Goculdas; 364 bales wool, N Khatau; 16 bales wool, Samermul; 27 bales wool, M Madangopal; 96 bales hemp, H Govindji; 10 bales cotton, C Balkisondas; 5 bales cotton waste, N Damji.

Rokeby s—1,007 cwts myrabollams Wagji Bechar; 4,515 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey; 1,007 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—2 bales carpets Cawasji Dinshaw and Bros; 26 cwts mother of pearl shell, A H Mawji and Co. 16 cwts fishmaws of A Hoosein and Co; 7 bales hides and skins V Esmail and Co,

FOR MANCHESTER.

Circassia s—15 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Clan Graham s—100 bales hemp, M Nathoobhoy and Co; 3,000 bales cottonseed L Dreyfus and Co; 1,000 cwts cottonseed, Parekh Bros; 2,100 cwts castorseed A Khimji.

FOR NEW YORK.

Kristiania s—2,008 cwts myraballams, E Oomersey, 188 cwts condiments Merwanji Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR HAVRE.

Asama s—201 cwts mustardseed, J Fachiri, 140 cwts gum, P Jethabhoy; 115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—2,474 cwts wheat J Fachiri, 40 cwts cashewnuts and 38 cwts Colombo roots, R Jewandas and Co; 500 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Asama s—4,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 210 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Kristiania s—4,162 cwts myrabellams, A Khimji.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Koerber s—3 pots perfumed oil, H M H Sahoo.

FOR ANTWERP.

Umsinga s—6,000 cwts castorseed and 7,000 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 487 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

Dorington Court s—345 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 3 bales hemp, M Moolji and Co; 2 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Glentrae s—65 bales cotton, Coutts and Co; 115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 650 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

Lichtenfels s—208 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy; 180 cwts gum, P Jethabhoy; 94 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Farquhar s—100 bales cotton, Divadkar and Co; 7,000 cwts rapeseed and 7,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co; 100 bales cotton, C Boggiano and Co; 1,000 cwts nigerseed 1,000 cwts rapeseed and 556 cwts rapeseed, A, Blascheck and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed and 500 cwts poppyseed, K Devchand and Co.

Alavi s—1,196 cwts linseed and 1,001 cwts rapeseed, A Blascheck and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, A Blascheck and Co; 251 tons old iron, T Hakimji and Sons.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—230 bales cotton, Ralli Brs; 200 cwts fennel seed Turner Morrison and Co.

Marquis Bacquehem s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 3,001 cwts gingellyseed J Facheri.

FOR FEUME.

Marquis Bacquehem s—120 cwts selseed Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Tosa Maru s—51 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, J Mahomed; 26 bales piece-goods, Jaffer and Sons 19 cwts sharkfins A Chagla and Co; 50 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.

Delhi s—6 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co; 450 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Delhi s—300 bales cotton, H Goculdas; 1,040 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Delhi s—200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Delhi s—100 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delhi s—435 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Delhi s—45 cwts gum, C M Bhesania and Co.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 28th June, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission	
	D.	H	M.	Hrs.	Mt.
Turkey ...	17	4	35 p. m.	15	20
Teheran ...	28	1	30 p. m.	1	30
Suez	28	2	0 p. m.	...	45

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduacan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice. (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco, are subject to very great delay. (12-5-11).

Borasjoon Reports Ahwaz line right. (28-6-11).

Turkish route interrupted beyond Bassora. (28-6-11)

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 17th June.

	Miles Open.	Total for the week.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
Approximate earnings for week ending 17th June 11 G.I.P. Ry. Including I.M. Ry. System...	2791·38	1215300	36243269	37458569
A. D. C. Ry.	125·66	31300	793164	824464
Baran Kotah Ry.	40·29	3100	64284	67384
Total...	2957·33	1249700	37100717	38350417
Earnings for corresponding 7 days ending 17th June 10 G.I.P. Ry. Including I. M. Ry. System...	2784·67	1179888	37173203	38358091
A. D. C. Ry. ...	125·6	40387	767063	807450
B.-K. Ry.	40·29	2280	38791	41071
Total	2950·62	1222555	37979057	39201612
Inc. or Dec. G.I.P.R. Incg. I.M. R. System	+ 6·71	+ 35412	—929934	—894522
A.D.C.R.	......	— 9087	+ 26101	+ 17014
Baran-Kotah R.	......	+ 820	+ 25493	+ 26313

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th June on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	1,85,000	2,80,000	4,000	4,69,000
Or per mile of Railway	366	556	8	930
For previous 23 weeks of half year	41,14,277	77,72,419	83,334	11970080
Total for 24 weeks	42,99,277	80,52,419	87,334	12489030
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,91,522	2,36,179	15,715	4,43,416
Per mile of Ry.	380	468	31	879
Total to corresponding date	41,92,764	81,44,092	1,75,434	12512290

Increase for the week.........Rs. 25,584
Decrease to date.............. " 73,260

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

BARNETT—June 5, Major H J de B Barnett, 91st Punjabis Light Infantry) at Mandalay.

ENGLEBRIGHT—June 14, at Madras General Hospital, John Robert Englebright (father of Mrs A N S Wakefield, Insein), aged 77 years, R I P.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 4m. Sun sets 7h. 20m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attraction: "The Courier of Lyons," a thrilling dramatic story in pictures.

Maxim : "Perpetual devotion to what a man calls his business is only to be sustained by perpetual neglect of other things."—R. L. Stevenson.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arabia," with the English mails of the 16th June, which left Aden, at 5 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a. m., to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Himalaya" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p. m., on Saturday.

BAND NOTICE.—The String Band of the 1st Battation of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play at the Princess Gymkhana this evening, commencing at 6-15 p. m.

REPORTED THEFT.—Mr. F. A. Meyer of Cox's Building, Hornby Road, reports the theft of a bicycle valued at Rs. 80, from the verandah of the building, on Tuesday last.

THEFT OF ORNAMENTS.—Kashinath Shunkerlal, a servant in the employ of Messrs. Bruel and Company, and residing at Gaiwadi, Cavel, reports the theft of a trunk containing ornaments of the value of Rs. 1,250 and a Government Promissory note for Rs. 1,000.

ACCIDENT AT A FOOTBALL MATCH.—A football player, named Mr. Lionel Sims, residing in Dhun House, Apollo Bunder, was playing in the football match in the Harwood League for the Gymkhana team on Tuesday, when he accidentally fell and injured his right elbow. He was removed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell in his motor-car to the European General Hospital, where he was detained for treatment.

LOST PROPERTY.—The following articles are lying at the Head Police station, awaiting claimants :—Cash-box, clasp-knife, G. C. notes, overcoat, dog-chain, purses, umbrellas, hats and caps, books, gold neck ornament, dhoties, brass lota, keyboard of musical box, packet of cotton, Badminton bat, tarpaulin, packet of paper, gold arm ornament, horse sling, cash, pieces of glass, silk cushion, necklace, cigarette case, shoes, and watch and chain.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna presiding.

The Committee considered a letter from the Commissioner, submitting proposals for the erection of a mortuary chapel at the Haines Road Cemetery for the Roman Catholics.

These proposals have already been published in these columns.

The grant of Rs. 2,000 asked for by the Commissioner for the erection of the chapel were sanctioned.

LADY HARDINGE VISITS RIPON HOSPITAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JUNE 28.

Her Excellency Lady Hardinge visited the Ripon Hospital and spent some time in talking to the poor Indian patients. She was taken over the buildings by Major Duer, I. M., S., Joint Civil Surgeon, under whose able guidance great improvements have been made to the hospital.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Arabia," June 30.

The P. and O. Co.'s Mail steamer "Arabia," with the English Mails of June 15th, which left Aden at 5 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay to-morrow, brings the following passengers :—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Curry, Mr G	Jarrett, Mr A
Bawford, Mr P C	Wormald, Major F D
Gamleme, Mrs	Langdon, Mr F G
Birkett, Mr	Sullivan, Mr J
O'Kelly, Capt H A deL	

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Gage, Major A T	Coombes, Mr J W
Mackenzie, Capt H M	Turner, Mr F C
Atlay, Major H W	Griffith, Mr W E
Shaw, Mr R	Anderson, Mr F G H
Whittel, Lt H M	Sherriffs, Mr W R A
Bonnand, Mr A	Alexander, Mr G S
Gee Rev R	Mair, Mr B H
Jones, Mr C E D	Read, Mr R W
Craig, Rev J	Sowerby, Mr
Fitzpatrick, Mr and Mrs A	Hammick, Mr H
Logt Mons, Georges	Mackie, Capt H P
Sterling, Mr T S	George, Mr S W
Bonnands, Mr, native svt.	Kantawalla, Mr C H
Archbold, Mr W A	Fraser, Mr W S
Peake, Mr C W	Barrower, Mr A B
Bayley, Vernon B	Bowlon, Col Chas
Nicall, Mr S D	How, Mr D P
Lacey, Mr J M	Ewen, Mr
Methuen, Mr R	Kuehler, Mrs
Sturrock, Mr A L	Bose, Mr S M
Macnee, Mr E A	Cope, Mr A A R
Morris, Mr J H	Bowen, Mr F S
Oaten, Mr E F	Colly, Mr C S
Spence, Mr R M	House, Mr F W
Irwin, Capt T S	Cotton, Mr C W E
Brown, Mr R C	Cole, Mr and Mrs A E

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Stockwell, Lt-Col G	Benyon-Paris, Mr G
Kitson, General	Shortt, Mr W J C
Alexander Mr P S	

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.

Wallas, Mr S C

LONDON TO KARACHI.

McMahon, Miss E	Harvey, Mr H
Shewan, Col M T	Navarra, Mr R S
Clarke, Miss M B	Master, P

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Lorimer, Capt E	Roever, Mr W

"O Goano," a weekly published in this city in English, Portuguese and Konkani, has brought out in commemoration of the Coronation of Their Majesties King George V and Queen Mary, a special edition, giving a good likeness of His Majesty, and has written trilingual articles expressive of the feelings of joy and gratitude of the Goans in the British Empire on this memorable event.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The change in the pressure conditions in the extreme South of the Peninsula, noted yesterday, was not progressed to-day and the monsoon both in the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, remains extremely weak. Dry westerly winds and cloudless skies prevail over the greater part of Northern and Central India. The only rainfall of importance occurred in Assam and Burma, Moulme in reporting one and a half inches; Dibrugarh, three; Cheerapunji, six; and Dhubri, one.

The forecast shows an increase of rainfall in Assam, but no change of importance elsewhere.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplanade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered	10·07	11·10	11·89	10·85
Wednesday, 28th June	0·09	0·09	0·10	0·00
Total	11·16	11·19	11·99	10·85
Same date last year	27·24	23·46	22·90	22·44

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, June 28.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg Total 1910.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill ...	0·18	10·14	20·72	25·33

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauged during the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), 24th June 1911 :—

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Bandora	9	79	Viramgam	2	12
Panjoo	11	83	Dabhoe	7	94
Vaiturana	13	57	Sevalia	5	63
Palghur	14	10	Godhra	3	76
Gholwad	8	32	Patri	4	6
Daman	11	30	Limkhera	4	59
Bulsar	6	12	Dohad	5	35
Nausari	7	25	Amargarh	10	95
Surat	5	81	Rutlam	5	39
Kim	7	91	Nagda	4	0
Broach	6	52	Rajpardi	8	63
Baroda	6	84	Bardoli	8	90
Mehmadabad	11	87	Nandardbar	3	66
Ahmedabad	5	73	Nardana	4	35

RAINFALL MONSOON 1911.

During the Week ending 24th June, 1911.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Alot	1	9	Gangapur	2	24
Pachpahar	3	87	Bindaun	1	61
Kotah	2	6	Bayana	2	17
Indargarh	0	61	Bharatpur	0	28

Appended is Wednesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (27th)	86·6	73·6	...	0·00
Jask	92·8	83·8	...	0·00
Muskat (27th)	99·8	90·1	...	0·00
Multan	97·3	81·0	...	1·55
Rawalpindi	97·4	71·4	...	2·23
Lahore	102·4	76·2	...	2·10
Sirsa	97·3	79·5	...	1·96
Ambala	100·5	77·9	...	4·18
Delhi	100·5	?	...	3·80
Agra	106·0	85·5	...	0·76
Mainpuri	105·3	84·5	...	2·48
Jhansi	105·0	87·5	...	2·17
Cawnpore	107·3	89·4	...	0·05
Allahabad	105·1	87·0	...	2·53
Jacobabad	106·6	83·8	...	0·00
Karachi	88·0	80·0	...	0·00
Ajmer	97·4	84·2	...	1·61
Jaipur	100·7	80·1	...	4·57
Kotah	103·0	85·6	...	2·41
Bhuj	94·1	78·0	...	1·62
Dwarka	87·8	80·2	0·01	0·75
Veraval	86·6	80·3	...	2·75
Rajkot	97·1	77·0	...	2·12
Bhavnagar Para	97·6	80·0	...	3·00
Surat	91·1	80·6	...	5·43
Ahmedabad	99·1	78·7	...	4·40
Deesa	96·8	79·9	...	2·74
Neemuch	94·4	77·2	...	5·92
Indore	94·1	74·1	...	4·13
Jubbulpore	97·3	80·3	...	6·00
Saugor	95·1	77·1	...	8·72
Hoshangabad	100·1	78·4	...	3·93
Khandwa	94·2	79·1	0·03	2·06
Akola	97·7	77·6	...	4·25
Amraoti	94·3	77·8	0·03	6·10
Nagpur	99·6	79·8	...	15·55
Chanda	97·5	81·0	...	9·68
Raipur	97·7	79·6	...	15·35
Bombay	89·0	80·7	...	10·85
Ratnagiri	87·3	75·9	1·23	21·21
Mormugao	86·5	78·7	...	24·79
Karwar	86·3	78·0	0·02	18·91
Malegaon	93·9	73·6	...	3·38
Ahmednagar	94·9	73·5	0·05	2·16
Poona	87·0	70·8	...	4·40
Sholapur	98·3	77·4	...	1·68
Bijapur	96·7	74·2	...	1·62
Belgaum	82·3	66·6	...	8·87
Aurangabad	93·2	71·2	1·18	4·03
Nizamabad (Indur)	97·4	78·7	...	4·90
Hyderabad	97·3	78·7	...	2·36
Mangalore	85·3	71·3	...	38·77
Calicut	84·8	76·6	...	37·02
Cochin	84·7	77·2	...	29·68
Colombo	88·0	74·5	...	5·73
Masulipatam	101·8	83·2	...	1·35
Bellary	99·5	77·3	...	0·08
Cuddapah	102·7	80·6	...	1·07
Madras	100·0	84·0	...	0·63
Bangalore	91·3	67·8	...	1·22
Coimbatore	88·4	72·3	...	5·81
Trichinopoly	100·1	76·8	0·07	0·51
Negapatam	99·0	79·5	...	1·77

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 28th June, was 29·846 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 5 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be ·14inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 28TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 28th June, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Multan and in defect elsewhere. Temperature is normal in the extreme eastern districts and in defect over the rest of the division.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in moderate to large defect. Temperature is in excess, more particularly during the day.

Sind and Rajputana.—Bikaneer reports 0·34" of rain during a dust-storm. Skies are heavily clouded at Karachi and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in west Central India and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is below the average except on the Kathiawar Coast. Day temperature is in excess in west Central India.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess; the minimum is also slightly above normal in the eastern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri records 1·23" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Aurangabad records 1·18" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is generally in excess; the minimum is also in excess at Hyderabad and Sholapur.

General Remarks.—The only rainfall of importance on the west coast of the Peninsula has been 1·23" at Ratnagiri. Isolated showers have occurred in north Hyderabad and west Rajputana.

Local rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and isolated showers in the Deccan.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 29.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

For Judgment on Motion.

596-03 Edgelow G W and Co, Purshotam Morarji vs Javerbai widow and others, Daphtary F and D, Edgelow G W and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1149-10 Ardeshir H D and Co, Runchordas Callianjee and others vs Mathuradas Gordhandas and others, Captain and V, Little and Co.

253-11 Payne and Co, Arab Mahomed bin Hasan Jesti vs Gulabchand Hazarilal and another Jamshedji R P and Co, Daphtary F and D.

442-10 Payne and Co, Abdul Hoosein Russulbhai vs Charanji Lall Natholi Mull, Malvi H M and R

642-07 Tyabji D and Co, R D Sethna vs Lala Jeydayal and others.

406-10 N B Vakil, Sakoobai widow vs Warubai and others, Smetham B and Co.

909-08 Smetham B and Co, Janabai widow vs Sakuba widow and another, Nadirsha and D Dikshit D and S

71-10 Mulla and M, Ratanji Jamshedji Tata vs Jacinto Jas Baretto and others.

781-09 Payne and Co, Jehangir Ardesir Moos and another vs Vijayalal and Co, Motichand and D.

266-10 Mirza M and M, Kalidas Narayendas and Bros vs Kedarnath Budrinath and another Shroff D and D.

586-10 Judah and S, Tar Mahomed Haji Adamji vs The Bombay Persia Steam Navigation Co, Crawford B and Co

645-09 Madhowji K and C, Kaikushru Framjee Marker vs Bachubai widow and others, Pestonji R K and Co.

656-10 Thakurdas and Co, Messrs F Fischer and Co vs Charles Andrea Cortese, Payne and Co.

469-10 Shamrao M and H Gianchand Meghandas vs Vatanmal Assomal and others Raghawaya R and N

631-10 Mirza M and M Mahomed Ebrahim bin Kamroodin Makri and another vs Sahabadin bin Haji Sharfuddin Ghattay Captain and V. For postponement.

518-08 Chitnis M and K Purshotam Hari vs Jamnadas Lalji and others Bicknell M and R

682-09 Mahtubhai J and M R D Sethna and others vs Mahomedbhai Nensey Khairaj and others Payne and Co

55-10 Wadia G and Co Dayabai Moolanchand vs Kalidas Navalchand and others Matubhai J and M Shamrao M and H Inperson.

414-10 Captain and V Mahomed Hussein Tharia Topan vs Sorabji Edulji Vacha and another Payne and Co

741-08 Payne and Co Ramlal Poonamchand vs Bruel and Co Crawford B and Co

799-09 In person Kunjbehari Rawinarayen and others vs Ramkoomar Amarchand Bhai Shanker K and G

438-10 Tyabji D and Co. Shamrao Maroba and another vs Shivshankar Maroba and others Mirza M and M, D J Mandri.

897-08—Mulji and K Macherla Ramanna and others vs Carmoory Venkette Lakhshmi Narsinham and others Raghvaya B and N.

254-09—Dastur and Co. Narotamdas Premji vs Purshotam Sonderji Madhowji K & C.

375-10—Payne and Co. the Bombay Cotton Mills Co Ld. vs Messrs. Vallubhdas Khimji and Ce, Tyabji D and Co.

156-11 Matubhai J and M, Madon Sons and Co vs Framji Rustomji Singara, Nanu H and Co.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Davar.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

946-09—Payne and Co Canji Gulabchand and Co vs Prote Shivnarayen Sadasukhdas and others Edgelow, G W and Co.

435-09 Tyabji D and Co Deepchand Balchand and another vs Gangabisson Girdharilal Motichand and D Part heard.

621-09 Nanu H and Co Meghji Haridas and Co vs The Shri Buldeo Mills and another Muella and M Tyabji D and Co Part heard

257-10—Craigie B and C The Bombay Dyeing Mills Co vs Haridas Goverdhandas Madhowji K and C

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

1011-10 F P Pavri, Sarabibi widow and others vs The Advocate General of Bombay.

Commercial Causes.

137-11—Madhowji K and C-Kersondas Ranchordas vs The Airaj Balloo Spg and Wg Co Edgelow G W and Co.

Long Causes.

382-07—MB Chothia, Aboo Mahomed Poonjani vs Haji Moosa Abba and others, Khanderao, L and M

178-09—Thakurdas and Co Miya Mahomed Haji Jam Mahomed Chotani vs Bomanji Rustomji and others, Mulla and M.

839-09—Payne and Co, Sadasukh Hanmantram vs Aidan Peerdhan, Captain and V.

840-09—Payne and Co, Sadasukh Hanmatram vs Ajiaram Peerdhan Captain and V.

129-10—Jehangir and S Dhunbhai Coverji Daruwala and others Jehangir and S Nadirsha and D

46-10—S A Tyabji, Jugonath Shivram Jadhev vs Gangabai and another, Raghavayya, B and N

150-10—Captain and V Morarji Mowji vs Ramji Poonja and another, Tyabji D and Co.

416-05—Payne and Co, Esmail Joosub vs the Secretary of State for India in Council. E F Nicholson.

236-08—Daphtary F and D Jiwandas Haridas and another vs Kaliandas Vithaldas and another Edgelow G W and Co Mirza M and M

998-07—Tyabji D and Co Rai Bahadur Shrikisonds Narondas vs Ingatnarayen Ramlal, Ardeshir, H D and Co

955-09—Edgelow, G W and Co Pranjiwandas Odhowji vs Vishwanath Prabhuram Vaidya. Bhaishankar, K and G

68-10—T A Gandhi, Mohanlal Jagjiwandas vs Bhagwatlal Goculdas Gujwala, Shamrao M and H

130-10—Daphtary F and D Ardeshir Burjorji Godrej vs Nusserwanji R Mistry Little and Co.

397-08 J R Patell and Co Cawasji Jehangir Mody vs Vithaldas Soonderdas Captain and V for postponement.

940-10 Bicknell M and R Gopinath Premsukhdas and others vs Zoomarlal Ramchand.

899-05 Shroff D and D The Advocate General of Bombay and others vs Rambai widow and others Shamrao M and H.

871-08 J R Patell and Co Dhondi Bhicaji vs Abdul Karim Hussonally and others Thakurdas and Co.

473-09 Smetham B and Co Chaturbhuj Ramkisson vs Shri Ram Meoto and Co and others Bicknell M and R Motichand and D Subnis and G

357-10—Bhaishankar K G Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs Tricumdas Mills Co Ld in liquidation Payn and Co.

The text of the Opium Agreement which was signed at Pekin, on the 8th May, 1911, has now been received from Sir John Jordan, and is published in Simla.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well, as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 3, Farringdon Road London England.

That Little Hacking Cough

Hard coughs are bad enough, to be sure. But it's often the little, hacking, tickling, persistent cough that means the most, especially when there is a history of weak lungs in the family. What should be done? Ask your doctor. He knows. Ask him about the formula on the label of every bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask him if this medicine has his full approval for throat and lung troubles.—Then do as he says.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

THE GREAT NERVE REMEDY.

PROF. JAMES'
ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

Quiets the Nerves, gives Refreshing Sleep to the Nervous and Overworked. Restores Health, Vigor and Vitality. For Sleeplessness, Hypochondria, Meloncholia, Nervous Headache, Nervous Indigestion, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Failing Memory, Nightmare, Heart Weakness, Nervous Prostration and other similar diseases resulting from a weakened condition of the Nervous System.

They are not a stimulant but a nerve builder, a most valuable and effective combination of harmless nerve restoring remedies known to medical science. Absolutely harmless, yet quick in their action. They assist nature in rebuilding the nerves, and do it in a natural way, not causing the nerves to feel stimulated only while they are being taken, as do some nerve medicines, but gradually restoring the entire nervous system to a perfectly healthy condition.

Read the following evidence:—

Mr. C. S. REDDI, Chittoor, writes :—Your bottle of Prof. James' E. T. Pearls, I call them gems : they did me immense good so please send another big bottle by V. P. P.

Mr. FELIX D. COELHO, Bela Vista, Calicut, writes:—I am glad to inform you that your famous Prof. James' E. T. Pearls proved a boon in my case. They are Pearls as you call them and not pills. Please send another two bottles by V. P. P.

S. Sgt. J. ELDER, S. T. C., Nowshera, Punjab writes :—That the Pearls are giving excellent result Please send another four bottles as early as possible

Price Rs. 2 per Bottle of 40 Pills.
Rs. 1-4-0 per bottle of 25
Pills. V. P. charge extra.

SOLE AGENTS :
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MOTOR MAGNETOS "FULLER"
MOTOR ACCESSORIES "FULLER"
Accumulators, Batteries, Coils, Dry Cells, &c.
"FULLER" Charging Set. Automatic in Action and Absolutely Reliable

You connect the Accumulator at night. It is fully charged in the morning.

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Church Gate St., and 5, Waterloo Mansions, Bombay.

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Packed Free. Carriage Paid direct from our Factory to your Port. Ten Days' Free Trial. Best British-made MEAD COVENTRY FLYERS Defiance Puncture-Resisting or Dunlop Tyres, Coasters, Variable-Speed Gears, B.S.A. Free-Wheels, Flyer or Brook's Saddles, etc. LATEST MODELS £3. 10s. to £9 Tyres and accessories at half usual prices. Write at once, using sufficient postage, for Free Art Catalogue and Special Offer on sample machine. Agents wanted.

MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Dept. 828, LIVERPOOL

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)

—the *sure* raising powder—2ozs. of it will raise 1 lb. of flour. Give home baking with 'Paisley Flour' a trial to-day. You are sure of three things—freshness, digestibility ('Paisley Flour' cakes are always light), and less cost.

Mix one part to eight parts of ordinary flour dry before adding the other ingredients.

"Paisley Flour" is made by Brown and Polson, and sold in tins containing many useful recipes.

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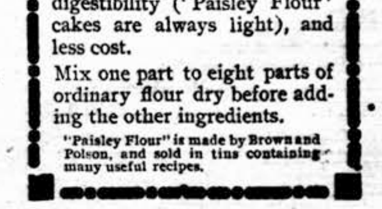

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Perlak, 1,102 tons, Captain L W Creagh, sailed yesterday for Rangoon with a general cargo.

The B I S N Company's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain W C Morrison, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Company's steamer Waroonga, 1,608 tons, Captain T Whytehead, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Company's steamer Querimba, 4,937 tons, Captain W B Smith, sailed yesterday for Rangoon with ballast.

The Asiatic S N Company's steamer Nairung, 2,861 tons, Captain B G Park, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Coast Ports with a general and the same bottom cargo and 1 deck passenger.

The B I S N Company's steamer Virawa, 2,176 tons, Captain C S Emmett, arrived here yesterday from Moulmein June 13, with a cargo of timber.

The steamer Crossby, 2,530 tons, Captain J H Bovey, arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, June 12 with a cargo of coal.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 27th June, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Northbrook	B H Jones	R I Marine
R I M S Mayo	Lt Comdr. G V Forteath	RI Marine
R I M S Palinurus	Lt W Taylor	Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 28.

Blake	2396	Hill	W & A Graham & Co
Banca	3794	Collyer	P & O Co
Baron Napier	3159	Gondey	
Conisclife	2485	Pottinger	W & A Graham & Co
Crossby	2531	Bovey	
Dwarka	759	Moxon	M M & Co
Earl of Elgin	2871	Robertson	W & A Graham & Co
Gymeric	2558	Williams	E Tajbhoy
Gallea	555	Wratt	K Nixon & Co
Hatumet	2584	Peters	W & A Graham & Co
Inverness	2401	Venus	T Morrison & Co
Maranoa	805	Kaesmurin	M M & Co
Marienfels	3590	Satthart	W & A Graham & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	Shah S N Co
Virawa	2176	Emmett	M M & Co
Courland	769	Ebram	N F ......N F......
Dredgushaken	401	Morrison	Repairin...... Repy B P T

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 28.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Shaw	2401	Hunter	Dunkirk	5-7	J Finlay & Co
B Delhi	4781	Bradshaw	China	5-7	P & O S N Co
C&R City of York	4935	Wilson	Karachi	2-7	K Nixon & Co
D Hosemie	993	Hughes	Lamu	4-7	B & P S N Co
F Clan Farquhar	3759	Wadge	Genoa	8-7	J Finlay & Co
H Budrie	1613	Pigot	P Gulf	3-7	Arab S N Co
K Claverck	2441	Tayler	Antwerp	10-7	W & A Graham & Co
M Sofala	3426	Bowman	N F	N F	M M & Co
N Fife	2494	Harrison	Philadelphia	1-7	T Morrison & Co
O Umsinga	1869	Robertson	Antwerp	4-7	W & A Graham & Co
P Rokeby	2455	Sheldrake	Liverpool	1-7	W& A Graham & Co
Q Dorrington Court	2363	Wilson	Antwerp	27-6	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ariosto	2760	Bradley	Karachi	4-7	J Finlay & Co
2 Circassia	4315	Osborne	Liverpool	11-7	
3 Glenstrae	3054	McGillivray			W & A Graham & Co
4 Asama	2705	Hume	Dunkirk	3-7	T M & Co
5 Clan Graham	3289	Elliott	Dunkirk	3-7	W & A Graham & Co
6 Lichtenfels	3623	Freedon	Hamburg	1-7	W & A Graham & Co
7 Kristiania	1672	Johnson	Philadelphia	6-7	W & A Graham & Co
8 Marquis Bacquehem	2752	Carmelich	Trieste	1-7	A L S N Co
9 Tosa Maru	3610	Satow	Kobe	30-6	N Y Kaisha
10&11 City of Paris	5910	Campbell	Karachi	20-6	K Nixon & Co
12&13 Himalaya	3705	Gregor	London	1-7	P & O Co
14 Linga	951	Rothwell	Karachi	30-6	M M & Co
15 Koerber	3157	Cosulich	Trieste	1-7	A L S N Co

H W P D

Netravati	699	Fakeera	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani	552	Fakeera	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Ahmed	N F	N F	B S N Co
Courland	760	Ebram	M'Goa	28-6	B S N Co
Hooseinee	993	D Lorne	Red Sea Ports		B S N Co

Offside H

Salsette	2391	Lewellin	Aden	1-7	P and O Co

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels	Commanders	From
28	Crossby	Bovey	Calcutta, June 12
	Virawa	Emmett	M'mein, June 13

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
8	Conisclife	Pottinger	Antwerp, &c
	Pirlak	Creagh	Rangoon
	Waroonga	Whytehead	P Gulf, &c
	Querimba	Smith	Rangoon
	Nairung	Park	Calcutta, &c

The steamer Kola, Morrison for Persian Gulf, &c obtained her portclearance on Wednesday.

The steamer Inverness for Antwerp &c began to load on Wednesday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ferguson left Liverpool on the morning of the 27th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chanda, left Gibraltar on the afternoon of the 26th instant.

The German East Africa Line steamer Praesident, left Seychellis for Bombay to-day.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Manchester Homeward bound arrived at Suez on the evening of the 26th instant.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, OFFICIATING COMMANDANT.

Bombay, 29th June.

1. The British Infantry Range at Colaba is available for practice on all Saturday afternoons in July commencing the 1st proximo from 4 p. m.

2. Town Hall Drills will commence from Tuesday evening the 4th proximo from 6 to 7-15 p. m., all Recruits are requested to attend.

P. W. WILSON, Lieut,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.

Bombay, 29th June.

507. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is available for Class firing parts I and II on Mondays and Tuesdays and Part III on Thursdays until further orders by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Members intending to go out should notify Head-Quarters the day previous. Arms will be issued on the Range.

508. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "G" Company:—

No 7145 Vol L C H Goode.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

Mr. King a young aviator and a pupil of Mr. Patterson, made a successful flight from Southport to Colwyn Bay in mail week. Leaving Southport shortly after noon, he hugged the Welsh coast, and descended easily on the sands stretching between the two piers at Colwyn Bay. He again ascended at 3-40, and passing over the Victoria pier, flew along the coastline to Southport.

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CONTENTS.

Put on your tat ta, little girlie	Miss Clarice Mayne
I want to sing in Opera	Wilkie Bard
On the Silvery Sands	Miss Madge Temple
Breakfast in my bed on Sunday morning	Harry Lauder
Flanagan	Miss Florrie Forde
There's a little black cupid in the moon	G. H. Elliot
Down in Jungle Town	Miss Ethel Leevey
I'm shy, Mary Ellen, I'm shy!	Jack Pleasants
Hi! Hi! Hi! Mister McKie.	Miss Ella Retford
My wife's cake	Will Bentley
Sweet Caroline	Miss Gertie Gitana
Nature's made a big mistake	Gus Ellen
Come with me down Regent Street	Miss Daisy James
When they ask you what your name is	Dave Carter
Take your girlie where the band is playing	Miss Maie Ash
La, La, La, La, Sing this chorus with me	Herbert Rule
You taught me how to love you	Miss Clara Beck
Ginger you're balmy	Harry Champion
In Cherry Blossom time in Japan	Miss Jose Collins
We're all waiting for a girl	Billy Williams
Good-Bye, every body's girlie.	Miss Dorothy Ward
I'm setting the Village on fire	Billy Merson
Shirts	Morny Cash
We don't want a girl	Rich and Rich

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Maidie and her Teddy bear	Miss Maidie Scott
I wish I'd a girl like Molly	Miss Daisy Dormer
If the world were mine to give	Miss Annie Schuberth
The light of Day	George Martin
In the evening by the Moonlight	Plantation Song
Waltzing the "Waltz Dream" Waltz	Whit Cunliffe
Good Night? Mr. Knight	Miss Daisy Dormer
I'm going to marry Maisie	Coon Song
Fol-ol-the-Diddle-ol	Fred Land
Jessie the flower o' Inverness	Miss Annie Purcell
Dear Loch Lomond	Miss Jessie Preston
My Scholars	Matt Kilduff
The bright blue moon	J. J. Mannix
Simple stories	Reg. Bolton
Ten little toes	Whit Cunliffe
Father Started Rolling	Will Fieldhouse
I think I'll be going home now!	Jay Laurier
Jeremiah	Miss May Moore Duprez
Queen of the Factory	Miss Florrie Forde
Little Humming Bird	Miss Phyllis Dare
Peter Peacock, Esq.	Miss Daisy Dormer
My Chateau in Barcelona	Miss Ella Retford
The Garden of My Heart	Chas Cardle
Lola Lolita	Miss Lil Hawthorne
Carrots	Miss Maidie Scott

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SONG FOLIO.

Words and Music Complete, old notation and Tonic Sol Fa.

ANNAS 10.

CONTENTS :—

I Wonder if you miss me sometimes fall in and follow me	Chas. R. Whittle
My Wife's gone to the Country, Hooray?	Phil. Parsons
Here comes the Chocolate Major	G. H. Elliot
She was a Girl in White	Miss Edna Latonne
The Moonlight Promenade	George Lashwood
Up she goes!	Whit Cunliffe
I met Mary Ellen at th'Isle of Man	Miss Ella Retford
Poppies	Wilkie Bard
Oh! Miss Wilhelmina	Miss Esta Stella
When I take my Morning Promenade	Miss Rosie Lloyd
Loo, Sue, Mary, Dinah	G. H. Elliott
Are you anybody's girlie in Particular?	Arthur Sutcliffe
Come and put your arms around me	Miss Jessie Templeton
Oh? the Picture Show	Miss Cissie Thompson
Mister Man in the Moon	Miss Ada Martine
Violet	Miss Winifred
My Boy's a Sailorman	Miss Daisy Dormer
Tell'em that I'm your Uncle	Fred Barnes
Can't you make room for a little one?	Chas. R. Whittle
She was a Dollar Princess	Miss Violet Loraine
The fellow who looks like me	Harry Simms
Tha' comes fra' Lancashire	Miss Florrie Gallimore
Oh? the Sunday morning walk	Miss Hetty King
Mary, you don't come from Spain	Miss Ella Retford
What do you say, Molly Molloy?	Miss May Mars
Cheer up? My Highland Lassie	Miss Dorothy Ward

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 29th June, 1911.

THE STAR OF INDIA.

The Order of the Star of India was the first, in point of time, of its kind established for honouring those who had rendered distinguished service to this country, and this week it is fifty years ago, since it was established, for the letters patent instituting it, were published in the "Gazette" at the end of June, 1861, along with the names of the first recipients of the Order. The first chapter of the Order was held a few months later in November by Lord Canning, the Viceroy. There was also an investiture about the same time at Windsor Castle, when Queen Victoria, the Sovereign of the Order, personally conferred it on such knights as were then in England. This year the Sovereign of the Order is himself coming out to India, and he will very probably signalise the jubilee of this most exalted Order, to give it its official epithet, by holding a chapter at Delhi or Calcutta. At the present day there are several Orders of chivalry by means of which the Sovereign can honour his Indian subjects and the names of persons thus honoured is legion—a veritable 'legion of honour.' But it is somewhat surprising that only fifty years ago, not a single Order of the kind should have existed for India, and that the Sovereign should be without the means of a single channel whereby honour could flow towards his subjects in this country from the fountain of all honour. It is true the Sovereign did not before those days directly rule over India and the Company held its clumsy sway here. But even then he was the fountain of all honour, which only trickled through the narrow channel of the Bath, which Order used to be sparingly bestowed for service in India and then almost exclusively of a military nature. But the Mutiny changed all that, as it changed so many things besides in this country. It was the immediate cause of the Sovereign ruling this country directly; and when this became the case, means came to e sought for exercising the chief privilege of Sovereignty, namely, that of acknowledging the services of that those that had now passed under the direct sway.

Moreover, the heroic struggle which the Mutiny had called forth everywhere in India for its suppression, demanded recognition in some signal way. Some of the great Englishmen who distinguished themselves in this struggle, were made members of the English Order of the Bath; but the great Indian feudatory princes who had very materially helped us during the crisis could not well be honoured in this way, for the Bath is rather a Christian order and its emblem a cross, though latterly Indian princes have happily shown no religious scruples in being honoured with the Cross of that Order. The late Queen Victoria took great interest in the subject of devising some special means of honouring Indians and was much aided by her royal consort, Prince Albert and an Order which became that of the Star of India was the joint suggestion of these two exalted personages. The first Secretary of State for India, Lord Derby, and the first Viceroy Lord Canning, were communicated with, as the following extract from Victoria's letter to the latter will show. "Lord Canning will hear from Lord Derby on a subject in which she takes a personal interest. It is the means of gratifying the personal feelings of the chief members of the native princes, binding them together in a confraternity, and attaching them by a personal tie to the Sovereign. These results the Queen looks for in the foundation of a high order of chivalry. The statutes might be similar to those of the Garter, the Thistle and St. Patrick. The members are to be invested by the Viceroy in person, and thus do personal homage to him."

Lord Canning consulted many leading men in this country, received their suggestions as well as those of high officials, and submitted a scheme recommending some changes. The chief one was to include in this Order a few Englishmen also on the ground that "an infusion of English ordinary members on a limited scale would tend to raise the dignity of the Order in the eyes of all natives without exception." This was accepted by the Queen, whose original intention was to confine it to natives of this country. By a queer irony of fate this distinguished Order which, was intended originally to be reserved for native Indians alone, has in the course of time came to be reserved mainly for official Anglo-Indians. The name of the Order caused a great deal of trouble and much correspondence in which Prince Albert took very active part. Such designations as the Order of the Eastern Star, of the Morning Star, the Star of Honour, the Order of the Sun, and the like were keenly discussed by the Prince who well nigh despaired of coming to a conclusion. "I might be inclined," wrote he in despair to the Secretary of State, "to give it the sign and name of a house at Toplitz—the sign being gilt figures of men rowing against a rock or with the title of 'Golden Impossibility.'" It was all settled, however, but only a few months before the Prince Consort's premature death and the investiture at Windsor was held just a month previous to his sad demise. Among the original Knights gazetted in in June 1861, were Prince Albert and the Prince of Wales, later Edward VII along with the rulers of Hyderabad, Baroda and Kashmir, the Holkar and Scindia, and the Begum of Bhopal, and Prince Dhulip Sing, the son of the famous King Ranjit Sing, of the Punjab. The Governors of Bombay and Madras of the time, Sir George Russell Clerk and Lord Harris, along with warriors like George Outram and Hugh Rose who were also included in the eighteen original Knights of this Order.

Mr. Morrell and the Indian Press. We are sure that the aspersion conveyed in the question put in the House of Commons by Mr. Morrell on Tuesday, will be indignantly resented by the whole of the Anglo-Indian Press. The attention of the honourable member had been drawn to a recent bad case of police torture in which, fortunately, it was possible to convict the offenders and they were sentenced to long terms of imprisonment. Mr. Morrell, however, appears to have been disappointed at the length of the newspaper reports, which were published in this country. He did not find so many columns of gruesome details as he had anticipated, and at some stages of the trials he may even have found lines only where columns had been expected. On these grounds he has the audacity to put a question to the Under-Secretary of State, which not only accuses the Indian Government of suppressing fair report, but asperses the Anglo-Indian Press by suggesting that they as a body are amenable to official interference in the exercise of their functions. Mr. Morrell would not have dared to bring such a charge against the Press of England, and we are at a loss to understand on what grounds he should imagine that it could be made in India. We will, at once, however, assure him that were there ever an attempt made to hamper fair and accurate reporting in the manner, which he has suggested, it would arouse as much keen indignation among the Anglo-Indian Press, as such action possibly could in England. Fortunately, the conditions, which he has supposed, do not exist; the newspapers were not warned not to publish reports of this case, and as Mr. Montagu replied, "the amount of space given to particular cases is at the discretion of editors." That discretion, however, is not always exercised in the same manner as, in some instances, it is at Home. Anglo-Indian readers as a class do not demand the highly sensational narratives, which some English newspapers so readily supply. If Mr. Morrell expected that the "Birbhum torture case," as it was known, would receive the same attention which the Crippen case, for instance, obtained in London, no wonder that he was disappointed. Again, we are unfortunately not unfamiliar with cases of brutality in India, and probably to the eye of an English member of Parliament or an English sub-editor, this case would appear much more startling and unusual than to an Anglo-Indian. While, however, the Anglo-Indian Press did not report this case at extravagant length, all the essential facts were given full publicity, and there was no attempt at suppression. We think that this is shown by the short "resume" of the case, which we publish in another column, and which was necessarily taken from previous reports. Mr. Morrell has thus made a reflection upon the Anglo-Indian Press, which is not only entirely undeserved, but for which there was not even any occasion. We cannot too emphatically protest against the action of a private member, who in an attempt to make political capital will descend to a wholesale and entirely unfounded charge of this character.

Homicidal Mania and its Cure. An old engineer, who many years ago was engaged on the construction of the docks at Singapore, gives an interesting account of the way in which running amok was checked in that city. If a Malay lost heavily in gambling, or was worsted and fined in a law-suit, or killed an adversary or was jilted in a love affair, which probably touched his vanity more than his heart, he would sharpen his weapon and rush through the town to slay and be slain. Sometimes, on his mad career, he would be tripped up and losing hold of his kris would be seized by the police and, after due preliminaries, hanged. But no diminution of the custom seemed to follow capital punishment. The man had made up his account to die and hanging was easy although unexciting. Presently, a new Governor arrived who, perhaps, gave more than the usual amount of attention to the repression of crime, for, seeing that hanging was a failure, so far as running amok was concerned, he decided to try flogging of the severest kind. As the engineer describes it: The culprit was flogged within an inch of a coroner's inquest. The result was remarkable, "Amok" went out of fashion as promptly as garotting did in 1860 in London, and other English cities, when the 'cat' was used freely. After the flogging the Malay was discharged and allowed to return to his friends, and so far as the narrator could learn, there was no record of any second attempt by the same man. Hanging has been tried in India as a remedy for political murder without any satisfactory result. The criminal in advance makes up his mind to die, looking on it as the seal of martyrdom, but to be allowed to live after he could no longer bathe in public would take all the romance out of his schemes. Besides, flogging is much more unpleasant than hanging.

Stone or Concrete. The public buildings of Bombay have suffered a great deal from the quality of the sandstone employed in their construction. Although of agreeable colour and easy to carve and cut, its great porosity encourages fungoid growths during the rains, and these growths blacken in the sun producing in a short time, the dismal effect of the smoke and fog of London. The fine and elaborate building of the Victoria Terminus was soon disfigured in this way, and the green coat that clothed the lion and the tiger at the entrance was soon changed to a dirty black, for which treatment with silicate of soda was only a partial remedy. This stone, although cheap to work, is not durable, and in view of the great progress made of late in armoured concrete, there are many reasons for using this material wherever it is possible. A handsome and elaborate fence is now being erected, round the site of the new museum on the Crescent, of this same porous and friable sandstone which, in the ordinary course of things, will be disfigured on one side at least, by the growths following the monsoon. Armoured concrete is now used so extensively in ornate structures, including panels, pilasters, pillars mouldings and friezes of a thoroughly substantial and durable character, that it seems a pity to continue the use of a stone whose best recommendation is low cost in working. It is doubtful, even at Bombay prices, if the stonework would be cheaper than the concrete, but with regard to durability, there can be very little doubt at all as to the superiority of the latter.

Portuguese Lady Voter. According to the Paris correspondent of the "Globe," notice was taken during the recent Portuguese elections of the fact that one woman, Dr. Beatriz Angelo, recorded her vote. It seems she owes her vote to the ambiguous terms of the new electoral law, which declares that anyone, without specifying the sex, knowing 'how to read and write, or being the head of a family, has the right to vote. Being a widow, with a daughter whom she supports by her profession, Dr. Beatriz Angelo sent in her name to the Census Department. Her list was returned to her, but, nothing daunted, she appealed to the law courts and won her case against the Government. So on polling-day she was the only woman in Portugal who recorded a vote. Dr. Angelo, the same writer continues, is president of an association whose aims include the creation of schools and the giving of lectures throughout the country for the instruction of women. It will also occupy itself with the moral and social enlightenment of women and their economical independence, will watch and study all laws from a woman's point of view, and use its influence for the moral and material protection of women and children. Co-operation with all the other feminist associations in the world will be aimed at. Dr. Angelo declares that the most intelligent men in Portugal are supporting the suffragist movement, and that Dr. Affonso Costa, Minister of Justice, and Dr. Machado, Minister of Foreign Affairs, have given an undertaking to advocate the cause of women in the future Parliament.

Lady Hardinge will visit the Walker Hospital for Europeans on the 1st proximo.

Lieut Colonel Muspratt Williams, Chief Inspector of Explosives will proceed on two months' tour on 1st July.

On Waterloo Day at Lucknow Rev. J. C. Macpherson, Chaplain of the 1st Highland Light Infantry, specially addressed a regimental service including a commemoration hymn written by the Chaplain.

With regard to the announcement that Mr. F. W. Duke, Member of the Executive Council in Bengal, will officiate as Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal when Sir Edward Baker proceeds home on leave, it is officially stated in Simla that no announcement is yet available as no appointment has yet been finally made.

The news has been received in Rangoon of the death at sea on Tuesday of Mr. N. Ramsay who had been several years in the Burma Oil Co., and had recently left Rangoon to take up an important position in Persia with the Anglo-Persian Oil Co. The deceased was very popular here.

The death is announced by Reuter of Mr. Samuel Jeyes, chief assistant editor of the *Standard*. Mr. Jeyes, was educated at Uppingham and Trinity College, Oxford, and was lecturer in Classics at University College, Oxford, from 1879 to 1883. He joined the *St. James's Gazette* as assistant editor in 1887, and afterwards joined the *Standard*, which is under the same proprietorship.

A meeting of influential Hindus of Karachi was convened in Halai Luhana Mahajan Vady by Mr. Devkaran Devjee Suchday, to offer congratulations to His Majesty the King-Emperor on the auspicious event of his Coronation. Mr. Kooverjee Khimjee (Municipal councillor) presided. Mr. Bhimbhai N. Desai, manager of the Bombay Merchants' Banks Ltd., proposed that a telegram of congratulations should be sent to the King-Emperor through the Lord Chamberlain. The proposal was enthusiastically carried by the meeting. Accordingly the following message was despatched by the president:—"The Hindus of Karachi offer their loyal and heart-felt congratulations to His Majesty King George V, Emperor of India, on his Coronation." In reply to this message, a telegram has been received by Mr. Kooverjee Khimjee as under:—"I am commanded by the King to thank the Hindus of Karachi, for their loyal message and congratulation contained in your telegram.—Bigge."

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

THE MUSICAL CONGRESS.

New English Art Club.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, June 9.

The summer exhibition of the new English Art Club is quite a pleasant and interesting show. There is no one particular picture that makes one very enthusiastic, but the average is high, and there is quite a large number of personal and accomplished works. One of those that appeals most forcibly is Mr. David Muirhead's picture called "Silent Parting." Why this exact title has been given it one cannot even guess. It represents a stately woman in blue standing in a dark interior. In general inspiration the picture has a good deal in common with the late Frank Potter's beautiful and neglected work, but the atmosphere is serener and more cheerful. The charm of its delicate and low-toned harmonies is enhanced by the general character of most of the other figure subjects in the exhibition, which aim at sharpness and precision of definition and clearness of tone. Mr. P. Wilson Steer's "The End of the Chapter" is the largest and most striking instance of tendency. A lady, clad also in a blue silk dress, has just finished reading a yellow-backed French novel. She sits before a fire and stretches out both her hands to warm them. The room is suffused with a warm, clear light. The painting of the porcelain jars in the background, and, indeed, of all the objects represented in the picture, is masterly in the extreme, without any of that swagger and self-consciousness which mar, for many of us, the very clever work of Mr. Sargent. And yet, in spite of all the pleasure one gets from the artist's skill and accomplishment, one cannot help wondering why the picture was painted. As a technical exercise probably—the artist's interest seems so equally divided. This is just the kind of painting one ought to find at the Royal Academy. It is Academic art, in the strict sense of the term, and Academic art of a very high order. Its sanity, thoroughness, and severe discipline make it a mode for all students of painting to study and imitate. This strange development of Mr. Steer—who was once the arch-revolutionist of English art—into the lucid and accomplished, but uninspired, exponent of Academic art is only another instance of the sobriety and level-headedness which characterises the English people. Another example of the same kind of technical exercise, though a less fortunate one, is Mr. Walter Russell's "Tying Her Shoe". The best results of this severe studio discipline are seen in these painters' landscapes. Mr. Wilson Steer's "The Valley of the Severn—Storm Passing Away" is painted with immense freedom and power. The subject, too, is well chosen. The distant glimpse of the Severn is full of suggestiveness, and the moving clouds and darting rays of sunlight are things of joy and beauty.

SIR HUBERT PARRY'S BLUNTNESS.

The Congress is over. Let it be recorded, then, that its success was complete. Wherefore it is sincerely to be hoped that ere many years are gone, a second will be held in London. One of the most important and striking features of the Congress has been the brilliant plain speaking of Sir Hubert Parry, both in his speech at the opening ceremony and in his paper on "The Meaning of Ugliness in Music." Musical æsthetics, philosophy, and so on play so small a part in our general musical life that it is really refreshing to find men of the mental calibre of Mr. A. J. Balfour, M. P., and Sir Hubert Parry paying most serious attention to them. But long before the Congress had emerged from the egg, as it were, Sir Hubert Parry had delivered a speech at the Mansion House meeting last February. In that he said that it was of utmost importance that enlightened foreigners should be assured that the Congress was representative, and not got up by a few hole-and-corner musicians who wanted to "boom their own jobs." Sixty years ago, when Wagner was in London to conduct the season of Philharmonic concerts, he became aware of the existence in the musical part of England of sundry cliques, and he animadverted upon the fact in his "Autobiography." Of course, similar cliques still exist to some extent. That being the case, the credit is all the greater that is due to the executive committee of the Congress for their success in steering clear of any serious cliqueish rocks. True, the enlightened foreigner, of whom Sir Hubert Parry speaks, may not be sufficiently enlightened to realise that the committee might conceivably be accused of having regarded British music too much from the Londoners' point of view. When Sir Edward Elgar stated, now many years ago, that the centre of British musical life was not in London, but much farther north, he spoke a certain truth. Yet the Londoner still goes his way, his eyes focussed on the great metropolis. It was a pity, then that when the executive committee was formed, it was not deemed advisable to include one or two other distinguished musicians from the North, or the West, or the East of these islands. In this way the Congress net would have been spread over a far wider area, and the interest taken would obviously have been greater.

SELECTIONS AND OMISSIONS.

It may be said, of course, that the music proffered to the many very distinguished musicians and pedagogues was well selected, with the single purpose of affording them an historic glimpse of the development of creative music from the earliest modern times down to to-day. At any rate, this was the effect of the selection. But it did not go far enough, I venture to think. Not even in Germany are creators of music more active to-day than in England. But once more it was on London and Londoners that the Committee of Selection seem to have fixed their eyes. No doubt more than one of the "Young Britons" whose music filled the programme of chamber music at the concert in Æolian Hall, the other afternoon, hails from elsewhere than London. But all of them, if I am not greatly in error, with perhaps one exception, are to all intents and purposes, Londoners by adoption. Moreover, the selection of composers is not absolutely representative. Mr. Cyril Scott's latest quartet has met with real artistic success in Berlin, Frankfurt, and other great Continental cities, and one of the most important music publishing firms in Germany is now issuing a more or less complete edition of that composer's work. It may reasonably seem odd, then, to the foreign musicians at the Congress who had heard his music in Germany that at home not a note of it should be played in concerts purporting to be representative. Of course, it was right and proper that the men of an older generation than the "young barbarians" should be represented, and well represented. They ploughed the land, as it were, in the most unpromising period of British music and by their ploughing they made the future—the present state of affairs—possible for their musical descendants. Whatever opinion the public may hold of the compositions of those men who were doing heroic spade work a quarter of a century ago and more, there is no denying the fact that the young composer of to-day owes his opportunities almost entirely to that spade work, though he is a little prone to overlook the fact.

AN EMPHATIC SIGN.

Whatever the material outcome of the Congress may be, there can be little doubt that it was of real service in bringing musicians of many countries into a closer touch with one another, and that can make only for good. Such meetings must effect something to rid those Britons who are insular of their insular prejudices, while, on the other hand, in spite of deficiencies in organisation and of programme arrangements, the foreigner who was within our gates will have realised the immense proportions of British (or London) musical activity; they will have seen that whatever the faults of our composers may be in their works, the majority of them at any rate are extremely well equipped in the matter of technique, and of immense sincerity. Incidentally, too, they may have realised that more music is to be heard in London in a sweltering week in a glorious May than could be heard in twice the period of time in any other capital in Europe or America. Not that the knowledge is worth the acquiring, perhaps. At most it is a sign only of a prodigious activity. But it is an emphatic sign, and will give many of them a very noteworthy subject for a little furious thinking!

"THE ALGERIAN GIRL."

Miss Florence Beech, who has so often delighted Bombay audiences, appeared very successfully the other evening in the first performance of a new musical comedy at Kennington. Of the production the critic of the "Daily Telegraph" in an appreciative if scarcely enthusiastic notice, writes: "Messrs. Herbert Shelley and Stephen Philpot are the author and composer respectively of "The Algerian Girl,' an 'entirely new' musical comedy of a 'genuine antique' pattern, which was successfully produced at the Kennington Theatre. In what sense it was new we cannot say—unless geographically, and thermometrically. As a fact it is neither better nor worse, neither newer nor older, than 101 similar 'new' comedies. Turn follows turn in orthodox fashion. There is the Algerian girl—or, rather Maltese 'Senorita'—who is to be sold as wife to the Bey unless previously ransomed; there are the weak-kneed British Consul—who sustains the comic—or is it comedy?—element; a member—or whatever the American may be for undergraduate—of Harvard; a dowager and her niece; an outlaw who insists everlastingly on popping up in broad daylight at great personal risk, but it is worth it, for the sake of his revenge; and there are heaps of other things, as the ransom; and people, as a sailor-man who impersonates his superior; a pert youngster, who is said to be a Legation attached and a soldier, who 'loves the ladies.' Each and every one had at least one turn, some of these turns often having but a very remote connection with the immediate predecessors. Of course, the 'Algerian' girl is miserable, the Bey is obdurate, the Consul is 'comic,' and so on; and many jokes brought the house down, though many more passed unnoticed. That is all—the piece is neither better nor worse, neither fresher nor duller, than many another musical comedy, and it was played with much spirit, Mr. Cromwell being the lively Consul, Miss Florence Beech the sad heronie, Miss Connie Emerald the pert attache (she looked like a vivandiere of the pattern of thirty years ago—in costume, that is, not in face?), Mr. de Manby, the stalwart, vengeful Outlaw, Mr. Myles Clifton the amorous Soldier, and Mr. Mark Lester the Sailorman. The undistinguished music, also neither better nor worse than the patterns, had yet a certain lilt, and at times bore evidence, notably in the opening chorus, of the fact that its composer had musical possibilities greater than those herein exhibited. Staging, costumes and all were prettily designed and executed, and the chorus were very vivacious."

"TILL THE BELLS RING."

There is a new sensation to be had at the Playhouse. Not much more important than a new hors d'oeuvre or a new liqueur, "Till the Bells Ring" is yet very well worth tasting. After all, there must be at least a touch of genius in the invention of a new liqueur. The flavour of Mr. Graham Moffat's little play, which is with a quiet intensity Scotch, demands and redemands that comparison. In the language of its own characters, it would probably be called pawky. The manner of the comedians who play it is pawkiness raised to the highest power. By laying the scene in Glasgow seventy years ago pawky costumes are also obtained. John Snodgrass—if that name is typically Scotch one of our dearest Pickwickian illusions is shattered—was an elder of the kirk, and a widower, and a money grubber. These last two qualities alone made Janet Struthers hesitate in yielding him, her mature affections. He was, as she observed, "sair on wives," having previously buried two, and he had never shown any sign marrying except for money. Hidden in Janet's clock he found an old stocking with £400 in it, and thereby stimulated he showed a most coming-on disposition. Interruptions had prevented him from putting the money back in its hiding-place but its presence in his coat pocket did not impede his experienced love-making. So he was surprised with Janet in such an attitude that, as on elder he could only "keep up his respect" by announcing their marriage. Then he found that the £400 was not Janet's but the dowry of her niece and a whole back-parlour Odyssey of trouble came upon him, because it was missing. He emerged with pawky skill on his Janet's arm, but under the proviso that the pretty niece, who had caught him out, would only hold her tongue, if he was a good husband. All this was played with much character by Mr. and Mrs. Graham Moffat, Miss Kate Moffat, Mr. Watson Hume, and Mr. Percival Clark. The little company seemed to know the dramatis personæ through and through and present them with a quiet, vivid colour which is most alluring. Their humour had a dryness a sub-flavour of bitterness and a mellow quality for which you will find no parallel on the stage. The reception was most favourable. "Till the Bells Ring" is, of course, an excellent contrast to the genial, pleasant fun of "Cousin Kate," which still forms the piece de resistance.

GILBERT'S JEALOUS CARE.

Attention has well been directed by the writer of the article in the "Athenæum" on the late Sir William Gilbert to the elaborate and jealous care which he devoted to the details of the presentation of his plays. This care went, of course, a great deal further than questions of scenery, costume, and stage-management. He enforced his will in the smallest details of emphasis and inflection with the result that what the public heard was generally what the author intended them both to hear and to understand. He was perfectly right in his course; and every dramatist should supervise his own rehearsals—as Sir Arthur Pinero and Mr. Bernard Shaw do—and leave them to no "producer," however intelligent he may be. So far as the author is concerned, even the best, "producers" are often obscurantists. Sir William Gilbert had various devices for getting his own way at the rehearsal of his plays. Often he did it by kindness, often by severity, and occasionally by walking out of the theatre. On one occasion, when a play of his was being rehearsed, he had a rather emphatic discussion with the actor-manager, who was one of the finest actors of the day; and when it was over he was observed by two or three members of the company to put on his hat and coat very quietly and walk out of the house, munching his moustache as was his wont when irritated. Presently the leading actor noticed that he had disappeared. "Where is Gilbert?" he demanded loudly. "If you please, sir, I think he has left the theatre." "Left the theatre" came the reply, "Go and call him back at once. Tell him I'll do whatever he likes—stand on my head if he wishes it—but bring him back!" This happened half a dozen times during the rehearsing of that particular play—and it never failed.

A POSSIBLE NEW OPERA.

The regretted death of Sir William has put a term to a project of the greatest interest. Some time ago he approached Mr. F. C. Whitney with a suggestion for the revival of "The Mikado." After much deliberation it was decided that the moment was hardly appropriate for such a step. By way of counter proposal Mr. Whitney asked Sir William to write the book of an entirely new opera for him, the music of which was to be composed by Oscar Straus. The offer was promptly accepted, Sir William promising that by the date of Mr. Whitney's return from the Continent he would submit to him a completed scenario. Mr. Whitney arrived in London on the very day that brought the news of the catastrophe at Harrow Weald. That the scenario of the new opera exists he feels sure, and it is hoped that it will be found among Sir William's papers.

NIZAM'S BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, June 28.

A farman of His Highness the Nizam approves the appointment of Mr. S. Habibuddin, I. C. S., to represent His Highness' Government on the committee of arbitration in connection with the settlement of certain long pending boundary disputes between the British Government and that of Hyderabad. Mr. Habibuddin served as an Assistant Collector in the Madras Government.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 28.

Lieut. R. S. Hopkins, East Yorkshire Regiment, has been granted an extension of tenure in the appointment of Adjutant, of Burma Railway Volunteers, up to 9th December 1913.

Major A. S. Begbie, 8th Rajputs, succeeds Col. H. D. McIntyre as Commandant of that Regiment.

Major A. J. W. Browne, 33rd Cavalry, succeeds Lt.-Col. Edwards as Commandat.

Major F. G. H. Davies and G. M. Baldwin, Queen's Own Corps of Guides, have been selected for appointement as Commandant and Commanding Cavalry respectively of that Regiment.

The Portuguese Judges who were banished to Goa some months ago in consequence of their decision in the trial of the Dictator Franco have been reinstated in their former posts.

DECLARATION OF LONDON.

PROTEST OF MERCANTILE COMMUNITY.

Mr. Balfour Speaks at Great City Meeting.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

A great meeting of protest against the Declaration of London was held in the Cannon Street Hotel to-day.

A resolution was passed declaring "that this meeting, representing the mercantile shipping interests of the country, considers the Declaration of London highly prejudicial to commercial interests, and that it gravely threatens Britain's food supply."

Mr. Balfour, moving the resolution, urged that it was a non-party question. It must be viewed from a national standpoint. The Declaration marked a backward step. Blockade and the seizure of food stuffs were almost England's only methods of exercising pressure. The Declaration hampered these methods. Another vital point was the conversion of merchantmen into cruisers.

"In spite of every naval precaution," concluded Mr. Balfour, "we might be starved into surrender."

An overflow meeting was afterwards held.

BITTER GERMAN ATTACK.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" writes:—

The "Kreuz Zeitung," the official organ of the Conservatives, makes the approval of the Declaration of London by the Imperial Conference, the occasion for a bitter attack on British naval policy in the past and present. It says that doubts cannot be suppressed as to whether the British, under another Government, would, in case of war, strictly adhere to the codified laws of naval warfare. Even Sir Edward Grey's statement before the Conference on June 1, that only the supremacy of the British Fleet could secure the country's safety in time of war was, the journal declares, not quite in harmony with the new code of naval warfare.

Not less questionable was Lord Morley's assurance in the House of Lords on March 8, that in the opinion of the Admiralty in the existing circumstances the effect of the Declaration on Great Britain's conduct of naval war would be slight and unimportant. The journal quotes utterances of Lord Ellenborough and Sir Gerard Noel, and also the claim that Great Britain must blockade the North Sea in time of war, and argues that with the changing of party Government in Great Britain such intentions, if it suited the military position, might be carried into effect. The writer even departs from the solemn tone of the paper in order to reinforce his point with a pun to the effect that the Sea Powers must reckon with the possibility that British naval war law, in the future as in the past will be "canonical." History shows, it declares that the worst is to be feared from Great Britain.

In conclusion, the "Kreuz Zeitung" notes with satisfaction that neutral Powers have arisen, whom even Great Britain must handle cautiously. That Great Britain is now willing to make concessions for the protection of neutral weaker States proves that in view of possible coalitions she regards the establishment of international rules of naval warfare as useful in her own interest.

BRITISH INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Investigation of Further Grievances.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

During question time in the House of Commons, Colonel Seely stated that complaints had been made that the Transvaal Gold Law and the Townships Act operated against British Indians. It was stated that the question was now being investigated by the Union Government, who had lately stated that they had no intention of interfering with any business right exercised by the Indians, prior to the date of legislation.

NEW CONSERVATIVE ORGANISER.

A Keen Tariff Reformer.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Mr. A. Steel-Maitland, M. P., who is a Tariff Reformer, will succeed Sir A. Acland-Hood, who was recently raised to the peerage, as Chief Organiser of the Conservative Party and in his other party functions, except those of Whip.

[Mr. A. H. D. Ramsay-Steel-Maitland was born in India in 1876, being the son of Col. E. H. Steel. He represents East Birmingham, and is an ardent supporter of Tariff Reform. He was educated at Rugby and Balliol College, Oxford, and was successively honorary secretary, junior treasurer and president of the Oxford Union. He also distinguished himself in athletics, and rowed in the Oxford boat in 1899. He commenced his political career in 1906, when he unsuccessfully contested the Rugby division, and in that and the following year, he was a special commissioner to the Royal Commission on Poor Laws. He entered Parliament as the representative of his present constituency at the first general election of last year. His surname was expanded into its present form when in 1901 he married Mary, the only daughter of the late Sir James Ramsay-Gibson-Maitland, of Sauchieburn, Stirlingshire. He is a Justice of the Peace for Stirlingshire.]

SIR F. YOUNGHUSBAND.

Satisfactory Progress.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Sir Francis Younghusband's fracture of the left thigh has been reduced. The patient bore the operation well. His condition is most satisfactory.

Lady Younghusband is in constant attendance.

FUNDS FOR HOME RULE.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Mr. William Redmond, who is conducting a campaign in Australasia on behalf of Home Rule, has collected £6,000 in New Zealand.

SITUATION IN ALBANIA.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The Porte has extended the time limit for the submission of the Malissori by another fortnight.

CASE OF POLICE TORTURE.

Complaint of Short Press Reports.

QUESTION IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Morrell put a question complaining of the meagreness of the reports in the Indian newspapers, concerning the proceedings of the Calcutta High Court, in which three policemen were convicted of torturing a man to death, and asking whether the papers were warned not to publish reports.

Mr. Montagu replied that the amount of space given to particular cases was at the discretion of editors. He had made elaborate investigations, and could find no foundation for the suggestion that the Indian newspapers were prevented, in any way whatever, from publishing the details of the case.

[The case to which Mr. Morrell referred is apparently one, which came before the Calcutta High Court on May 26 last, when Surendra Nath Mitter, a Sub-Inspector and two police sepoys were convicted by the Sessions Judge of Birbhum of voluntarily causing hurt to extort confession, and were sentenced the first to five years' rigorous imprisonment and the other two to three years' each. They made an appeal to the High Court, which was heard by Justices Caspersz and Sharfuddin, and was dismissed.

The case against them was that on the 5th July last there was a burglary in the house of Bhaneswar, one of the accused. Information having been lodged at the Ramporehat thana, Surendra Nath Mitter, Sub-Inspector in charge of the police station, came to the village of Chhotopathai, where the burglary was committed. He was accompanied by head-constable Jangharam. On reaching the village, he held an investigation and came to know that one Bhola, who lived at a village called Barapathai, was suspected as a thief. Surendra, Jangharam and Bhaneswar then went to Barapathai, arrested Bhola and brought him back to Chhotopathai. There, it was alleged Bhola was kicked, struck, and then tied to a tamarind tree and assaulted by the accused for the purpose of extorting a confession. Bhola, however, all the time protested his innocence. He was, it was alleged, when prostrate, untied and taken into a room. Finding that he would die of the assault, the appellants were said to have strangled Bhola, thereby giving colour to the story of suicide which they spread the next day. The body was removed to a garden on the bank of the Dwarka river. The next morning some passers-by saw the dead body and reported the matter to the villagers, who, after a consultation amongst themselves caused a letter to be sent to the Subdivisional Officer of Ramporehat. The C. I. D. made an investigation, and on the arrival of a Calcutta C. I. D. Inspector in the village, Nrishingha Daffadar, who was suspected committed suicide. As a result of the investigation the three accused were sent up for trial and convicted as stated above.

Mr. Philip E. Morrell, who sits for Burnby as a Liberal is a solicitor. He formerly represented the Henley division of Oxfordshire. We make further reference to his complaint in our leader columns.]

PELAGIC SEAL FISHERIES.

International Understanding Arrived At.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

The Washington correspondent of the *Times* states that as the result of a conference at Washington, Britain, Russia, the United States and Japan have arranged to suspend pelagic sealing for fifteen years. Canada and Japan will receive compensation in the shape of a yearly dole of skins from America and Russia, who both pledge for that purpose 30 per cent. of their respective catches.

In order to counteract poaching, the contracting Powers agree not to admit skins of unknown origin, China, Mexico, Chile, and other States will be approached with a view to preventing the use of their flags on the high seas by poachers.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD AND LABOURITES.

Explains his Invitation by the Kaiser.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, in an article in the "Socialist Review," denounces the resolutions passed by the branches of the Labour party condemning him for attending the lunch given by Lord Haldane, on May 18th, in honour of the Kaiser as impertinent, fussy claptrap. He says that the invitation emanated from the Kaiser and was carefully considered by the officers of the Labour party. One may, he adds, as properly discuss socialism with the Kaiser as with Mr. Balfour or Mr. Asquith.

CORONATION GUESTS.

Departure from London.

LONDON JUNE 28.

The stations are busy with the departure of the Royal guests. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, other members of the Royal family, and Ambassadors are seeing them off.

COLONIAL TROOPS AT WINDSOR CASTLE.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

The colonial troops visited Windsor Castle to-day.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Lord Denman, the new Governor-General of the Commonwealth, and Lady Denman, have sailed for Australia.

MARLBOROUGH SCHOOL.

New Headmaster.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Rev. St. J. Willson, Headmaster of Haileybury College, has been appointed Headmaster of Marlborough.

THE SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

Railwaymen Threaten to Strike at Hull.

P. AND O. LINE INVOLVED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

A conference of coasting shipowners, representing forty-one firms of the United Kingdom, decided to-day that there is no justification for an increase in wages.

Three P. and O. vessels at Tilbury attempted to-day to engage quartermasters at the old rate of wages. The men refused, and joined the strikers. Up to the present the P. and O. Line has not been affected by the strike.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

A conference of British shipowners will be held to-day to consider the proposal to fix a standard wage.

A meeting of shipowners in Liverpool, yesterday, agreed that each company should be allowed freedom of action in granting or refusing concessions.

Subsequently seven lines arranged a settlement with their men. Others are expected to follow suit and thus to terminate the strike in the Mersey.

Mr. Havelock Wilson announces that nearly every company in London has settled the question with the men.

The situation is most serious at Hull, where the railwaymen threaten to strike to-day in support of the seamen.

Serious Situation at Liverpool.

LATER.

The seamen's strike has developed seriously. At Manchester and Liverpool there are 14,000 men idle, and the shipping is at a standstill.

The crew of the liner, "Empress of Britain," struck to-day, and paraded the Liverpool docks, asking for co-operation to obtain recognition of the Dockers' Union. Instantly the crews of steamers belonging to nine lines left the ships. Thousands of strikers stood about in groups discussing the situation. The police are being drafted in.

THE VETO BILL.

Great Suspense in Political Circles.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

In consequence of the attitude of the House of Lords on the Veto Bill, the Liberal members of the House of Commons, contemplating visits abroad, have been warned not to leave the country.

The suspense in political circles is described as being more intense now than in the autumn of 1909, when the Lords were debating the expediency of rejecting the budget.

AUSTRALIAN DEFENCES.

Military College Opened.

SYDNEY, JUNE 28.

The Earl of Dudley, Governor-General, opened the Australian Military College at Duntroon to-day. His Lordship said he was glad New Zealand was sending cadets to the College. The friendships thus formed between the cadets would lead to a closer bond between the two sentinels of the Empire in the South Seas.

Naval Cadets.

MELBOURNE, JUNE 27.

Three thousand naval cadets have been enrolled for Australia. Three times that number of applications were made.

INDIAN CORONATION CONTINGENT.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The Duke of Connaught and Lord Kitchener to-day inspected the Indians' Camp at Hampton Court.

NEW FRENCH CABINET.

PARIS, JUNE 28.

The French Cabinet has been completed. M. Cruppi becomes Minister of Justice, M. de Selves, Prefect of the Seine Department becomes Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Messimy, late Colonial Minister, becomes Minister for War, while General le Brun, Minister for War under M. Briand, becomes Minister for the Colonies.

SUEZ CANAL CLEAR.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The steamer "Sachsen" has been re-floated, and is re-shipping her cargo.

[The steamer went aground in the Suez Canal on Sunday evening, causing an obstruction to traffic.]

KING AND QUEEN'S GARDEN PARTY.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

King George and Queen Mary gave a garden party at Buckingham Palace to-day. There were six thousand guests and the whole, with a bright sun shining on the exquisite floral decorations, made a brilliant scene.

PRINCE OF WALES HOLDS A REVIEW.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The Prince of Wales, accompanied by his sister and Prince George, to-day held his first official inspection of troops, reviewing the Colonials at Chelsea. On the conclusion of the review, the South Africans gave the Zulu war-cry, and the New Zealanders the Maori war dance.

Prince George was so delighted that he insisted on an encore.

THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

Treaty Shortly to go before the Senate.

RECEIPT OF BRITISH REPLY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
WASHINGTON, JUNE 28.

The British reply to President Taft's Arbitration proposal has been received.

The Administration hopes that the Treaty will be submitted during the present session of the Senate.

[Cardinal Gibbons, writing on this subject to the "Century" says:—

Both of these great nations have many things in common. We speak the same noble tongue, and the English language is more generally used to-day than any other language on the face of the earth. The classic writers of England are also ours, and the classic authors of America are likewise claimed by Great Britain. The literature of both countries is a common heritage to both nations. We also live under virtually the same form of government. The head of one nation is a king, the head of the other nation is a president; England is governed by a constitutional monarchy; the United States are ruled by a constitutional republic. And I believe that both of these nations have been more successful in adjusting and reconciling legitimate authority with personal liberty than any other country of the world. England is mistress of the ocean. Her ships ply through every sea on the globe. Her flag floats over every harbour of the world. Her empire embraces a territory comprising ten millions of square miles, or about one fifth of the whole globe. Great was the Roman Empire in the days of her imperial splendour. It extended into Europe as far as the River Danube, into Asia as far as the Tigris and Euphrates, and into Africa as far as Mauritania. And yet the Roman Empire was scarcely one-sixth of the extent of the British Empire of to-day. It was Daniel Webster who, in a speech delivered in the American Senate about sixty years ago, thus described the extent of the British possessions: "She has dotted the whole surface of the globe with her possessions and military posts, whose morning drum-beat, following the sun and keeping company with the hours, encircles the earth with one unbroken strain of the martial airs of England." The United States rules nearly one hundred millions of happy and contented people. Our Government exercises a dominant and salutary influence over the entire American continent. And our influence is exerted not to destroy, but to save, not to dismember our sister republics, but to preserve their peace and autonomy. If, then, England and America were to enter into an alliance of permanent arbitration with each other, such a bond of friendship and amity would be a blessing not only to these two great Powers, but to all the nations of the civilized world. When the waters receded from the earth after the deluge, Almighty God made a solemn covenant with Noah and his posterity that the earth should never again be destroyed by water, and, as a sign of this covenant, He placed a bow in the heavens. Let Britannia and Columbia join hands across the Atlantic and their outstretched arms will form a sacred arch of peace which will excite the admiration of the nations, and will proclaim to the world the hope that with God's help the earth shall never more be deluged with bloodshed in fratricidal war. The time seems to be most auspicious for the consummation of this alliance. It meets with the approval of the President of the United States, and I hope it will have the sanction of Congress now in session. It is strongly advocated by Sir Edward Grey, English Minister of Foreign Affairs, and hosts of the most distinguished citizens and statesmen of both countries. And it is my earnest prayer that all who are devoting themselves to this grand purpose may receive the reward promised by the Prince of Peace: "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God."]

JAPANESE SAILORS IN LONDON.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Eight hundred Japanese sailors yesterday paid a visit to the Festival of Empire.

KING'S CORONATION POLO CUP.

Indian Team at Ranelagh.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

A representative Indian polo team is practising at Ranelagh for the King's Coronation Polo Cup.

Count Madre has placed sixteen match ponies at their disposal.

The team consists of Major Bairha Singh, Captain Shah Mirza Beg, Major Dhokul Singh, and Colonel Chunda Singh.

AUSTRALIAN CENSUS.

Population of Four and a Half Millions.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The figures of the Australian census returns show the total population of the Commonwealth to be 4,449,495, divided as follows:—

New South Wales	1,648,212
Queensland	603,908
West Australia	280,316
Victoria	1,315,000
South Australia	411,161
Tasmania	190,898

CRICKET.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Surrey beat Yorkshire at Leeds, by four wickets.

Gloucestershire beat Warwickshire, by three wickets.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Middlesex beat Somerset, at Bath, by nine wickets.

The M. C. C. beat Oxford University, at Lord's, by three wickets.

GOLF.

Open Championship Scores.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The latest scores in the Open Golf Championship are:—

Mr. E. Blackwell........................	71
Taylor..	72
Duncan.......................................	73
Sherlock......................................	73
Hepburn......................................	74
Harry Vardon..............................	74
Rowe..	74
Massy...	75
Herd...	77
Braid..	78

HOME RACING.

Princess of Wales' Stakes.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

The probable starters, with jockeys, in the Princess of Wales' Stakes are as follows—:

Lemberg..............................	Dillon
Swynford.........................	F. Wooton
Cardinal Beaufort..............	Martin
King William......................	Maher
St. Andrea.........................	Trigg
Bryony................................	Fox

CORONATION FESTIVITIES.

Gala Performance at His Majesty's Theatre.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

There is to be a gala performance at His Majesty's Theatre to-night, including "The Merry Wives of Windsor" and "David Garrick."

Sir Herbert Tree, Sir Charles Wyndham, Miss Ellen Terry and Mrs. Kendal are included in the cast.

The prologue will be a rhymed address to the King, written by Mr. Owen Seaman, and delivered by Mr. Forbes Robertson.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

The Sipahdar's Terms.

TEHERAN, JUNE 28.

The Moderates are trying their utmost to induce the Sipahdar to return. It is reported that the Sipahdar stipulates that the Cabinet shall not be responsible to the Parliament, but only to the Regent. In is unlikely that his demand will be accepted.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Use of Aeroplanes Prohibited.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The Punjab Government have prepared a draft Bill, which will be passed during the current season by the local Legislative Council, for dealing with crimes, sanitation, public health and traffic in connection with the Delhi Coronation Durbar. The new Bill follows the main lines of the Acts passed during Lord Curzon's regime for the last Durbar, and, in addition, contains provisions prohibiting the use at Delhi during the Durbar period of aeroplanes or any other description of airships. Owing to the disastrous accidents which took place on the Continent and for the safety of the public, the use of aeroplanes, etc., was prohibited during the Coronation festivities in London and the local Government have taken a step in the right direction by inserting a similar clause in the draft Bill,

ALLEGED CHEATING AT CARDS.

The Rudolf Stallman Case.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA JUNE, 28.

At Alipore, to-day, the second charge of cheating at cards brought by the Indian Government against Rudolf Stallman alias Baron Von Koenig, was heard by Mr. Swan, District Magistrate. The Advocate-General said this charge had reference to a game of baccarat at Wiesbaden in August 1909. There were four players and one of them lost 22,000 marks to Stallman who was then passing under the name of Baron von Koenig. The evidence of a German detective was heard and was to the effect that Stallman was known both to police of Berlin and other Continental cities as an international card sharper. The evidence of the man who lost money to Stallman was also read in which he said he had no reason to suspect unfair play in the game of baccarat.

Mr. Chaudhuri for the defence said if he had time he could prove that Stallman was in possession of certain facts in connection with the doings and transactions of a certain German spy who was also an officer in the German army and who was sent to England to obtain plans of certain fortifications and connected papers during the Aldershot manoeuvres last year which would clearly show why his extradition was pressed for by Germany. The Advocate-General characterised this as an startling assertion and said that it was a charge of bed faith against the German Government. Lord Russell of Killowen had held in a case in 1896 that the Court had no power to entertain the suggestion that a friendly State was not acting in good faith; it was an allegation that should be made to the Government and not to the judicial authorities. The Magistrate held that a prima facie case of cheating had been made out and said that he would report to the Government of India, in the meantime the accused would be allowed bail as before.

THE ASHE MURDER CASE.

The Brahmin Accomplice.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, JUNE 28.

The statement made by a Calcutta correspondent that Arunachellam Pillay who has been arrested there is a relative of V. Chidambaram Pillay appears to be untrue. Arunachellam is a Shencottah man, while Chidambaram Pillay belongs to Ottapidaram. It is believed that Arunachellam is a relative of Somasundaram Pillay who has been arrested by the police in Tinnevelly and is now in custody.

Mr. F. A. Dene, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, left for Madura this morning for a few days, probably in connection with the investigation regarding the distribution of seditious leaflets on Coronation Day.

There appears to be no doubt whatever now that Shankara Krishna Iyer, the alleged Brahmin accomplice of the assassin, was in the company with the latter in Tinnevelly previous to the murder. He has been identified by a dancing girl of Tinnevelly as the person who visited her in company with the assassin on the day previous to the murder.

POLICE SEPOY'S SUICIDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 28.

Sepoy Sohan Singh, of the Military Police, took a dose of arsenic yesterday. He then told his Jemadar what he had done, and died in hospital, in spite of all that could be done for him. The deceased, who had been over six years in the service, bore a good character and absolutely no reason can be assigned for his act.

EDUCATED HINDU AND MOSLEM GIRLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 28.

For the first time in the history of the Punjab University, two Hindu girls belonging to the orthodox family and one Mohamedan girl have passed the Matriculation Examination. Nineteen hundred and eighty candidates out of the total of forty-two hundred forty-two have been successful at the last Matriculation Examination of the Punjab University including those successful in the supplementary list.

POST OFFICE HOLIDAYS.

Government Increase the Number.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The following resolution has been issued:—In a resolution of the Government of India certain proposals for increasing the number of post office holidays were published for criticism with the intention that, if there was a generally expressed desire on the part of the public to afford relief in the matter of holidays to the employees of the post office, the question would be further considered. The replies which have been received from the local Governments, public bodies and private persons are almost unanimously favourable to the proposals. Modifications have been suggested in some respect, the most being that the additional post office holidays should be selected without exception from festivals notified as public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

The Government of India are unable to accept this view. If the extra holidays were confined to the days gazetted under the Negotiable Instruments Act, certain important religious festivals which the Government of India consider it particularly desirable that postal servants should be permitted to celebrate would have to be omitted from the list. It would be impossible for instance to allow any holidays for Mahomedans in Eastern Bengal and Assam. It is moreover desirable that the additional holidays should be as far as possible uniform in all the postal circles, and the selection of certain days which are not gazetted public holidays throughout India has been in some instances unavoidable. In order, however, to prevent any inconvenience to the public, special arrangements for the disposal of postal business will if necessary be made at the important contres on occasions when a post office holiday is not also a holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, and, on all the holidays, the arrangements which are at present followed on Sunday will be made for the despatch and delivery of mails. The only other modifications in the proposal published with the resolution which the Government of India consider necessary are the substitution in all circles, except in Madras and Burma, of the Id-uz-zuha for the Muhurram, the substitution in the Punjab circle of Baisakhi for Janmastami and the reduction of the additional holidays from six to four in the Burma circle where postal work is lighter than elsewhere.

LIST OF ADDITIONAL DAYS.

The Government of India have accordingly decided that, with effect from the year 1912 and until further orders, the following days shall ordinarily be observed as additional post office holidays for all circles except Madras and Burma:—(1) Id-uz-zuha, (2) Holi or Doljatra, (3) Janamastami or Gokulastami (Baisakhi in the Punjab circle), (4) Idulfitr or Ramzan, (5) Dasehra or one day of the Pujas and (6) Devali or Kali Puja.

For Madras:—(1) Pongul, (2) Mahasivaratri (or Telegu New Year), (3) Avani Avittam (or Tamil New Year), (4) Ayuda Puja, (5) Idulfitr or Ramzan and (6) Dipavali.

For Burma: (1) the Burmese New Year, (2) the beginning of the Buddhist Lent, (3) the End of the Buddhist Lent, (4) Pazaundaing.

If any of these festivals falls on a day which is already a post office holiday or which is otherwise inconvenient another date will be selected. The dates to be selected will be notified before the beginning of the year in all post offices and in the Post Office Guide.

In the current year, two additional post office holidays will be observed in the Burma Circle and three in all other circles of the following festivals:—For Burma; (1) the beginning of the Buddhist Lent and (2) the end of the Buddhist Lent.

For all circles except Burma (1) Janmastami or Gokul Astami (Avani Avittam in the Madras circle), (2) Idulfitr or Ramzan and (3) Dipavali or Kali Puja.

THE OPIUM QUESTION.

Effect of Chinese Treaty.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The Government of India have under consideration several off-shoots of the opium question which has arisen out of the recent Treaty with China. The text of the Treaty has now been published in India, and it is feared that the import trade in this commodity will altogether come to an end before long, at the latest within the next two years.

It is, however, understood that nearly half of the existing local cultivation, viz., about two to three hundred thousand bighas, will have to be retained for excise and medicinal purposes, while the remaining half will disappear with the gradual extinction of the foreign importations. Malwa, in which Native State opium cultivation is carried out on a large scale, might however, give rise to some difficulty, and the ultimate disposal of the existing accumulated stock in that locality must be faced by the Government of India. At the same time, the measures now being adopted by the Imperial Government for the gradual abolition of the importation of opium will necessarily affect the future of the Opium Department in this country, and it is understood that the Government of India are awaiting proposals from the Government of the United Provinces on the subject.

The Government of India have also under consideration a small Opium Bill, the provisions of which contemplate conferring upon the local opium officers certain powers for dealing with minor offences.

FAILURE OF COTTON MERCHANTS.

Four Firms Involved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 28.

On further inquiries it transpires that there have been four failures among the Burma Bazaar cloth merchants and not two, but that the total liabilities are a great deal less than was at first stated. The firms involved are Messrs. Haridas Gopalkristo, Messrs. Bhairab Churn Khhetra Mohum Bissessur, Messrs. Kunylal and Messrs. Ganesh Das Joyram. The first three are Bengali firms while the fourth is a Marwari firm. The first two firms are said to be owned by the same person and carried on business in piece-goods and hundies. The joint liabilities are said to be 12 lakhs of rupees, Messrs. Bhairab Churn Khhetra Mohun alone being liable for a little over 7 lakhs of rupees. The liabilities of the firm of Messrs. Kunyalal Bissessur are said to be four lakhs and those of Messrs. Gonesh Das Joyram, five lakhs. On an interview a Marwari merchant said that since the Swadeshi agitation, the piece-goods trade had been dull and this was given as reason for the failure of the firms.

INDIAN DACOITIES.

Serious Affair in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 28.

A serious dacoity is reported from the Awingyi village, Tharawaddy District, a few nights ago by a band of twelve armed dacoits, one of whom had a gun, which he fired several times. On the arrival of the dacoits, the whole village, with the exception of the inmates of one house, stampeded. The dacoits surrounded the house with lighted torches, and attacked it with axes. One of the inmates was cut into pieces. They then set fire to the place with kerosine oil. One inmate implored them not to burn the house, and promised that she would point out where the jewellery was. They then put out the fire and helped themselves to jewellery and money amounting to nearly twelve thousand rupees. Four of the inmates were taken away and were subsequently released when they had gone some distance.

MARWARI'S HOUSE ROBBED.

CALCUTTA, JUNE 28.

Intimation has been received of a serious dacoity committed at the house of Ganeshdas Marwari of the village, Neamatpur Sitarampur. The dacoits raided the house on the night of the 19th instant, and carried off cash and ornaments valued at Rs. 2,150. Some Punjabis are suspected. All the officers of the Government Railway Police have been asked to be on the look-out for the accused, who might escape by rail.

A daring dacoity was committed on Friday night, at Goalchumut within the Faridpur Municipality. Over three thousand rupees in cash and jewellery was taken away. The owner of the house was severely beaten, and had to be removed to hospital. No arrests have been made.

THE PROUDLOCK CASE.

Petition for Reprieve.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 28.

In connection with the capital sentence, passed on Mrs. Proudlock by the Supreme Court, for the murder of Mr. Steward at Kuala Lumpur, the prisoner's husband has cabled to the Secretary of State for the Colonies for clemency.

A petition for free pardon for Mrs. Proudlock signed by over three hundred and fifty leading Chinese gentlemen of Kuala Lumpur and a petition for her reprieve extensively signed by Europeans in the Federated Malay States and the Straits have been presented, the former to the Sultan of Selangor and the latter to the British Resident at Selangor.

CORONATION CONTINGENT.

The Return to India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The following are the dates of the movement of R.I.M.S., "Dufferin" on her return journey from England with the Coronation Contingent:—

Leave Southampton 4th July, arrive Gibraltar 8th July; leave 10th July, arrive Malta 14th July; leave 15th July; arrive at Port Said 18th July; leave 19th July; arrive and leave Suez 20th July; arrive at Aden on the 24th July, leave Aden on the 26th July; and arrive at Bombay on 1st August. The Prince's Dock at Bombay will be utilised for the disembarkation of the Contingent. All details will be dispatched direct from Bombay to their destinations.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT BILL.

Appeals to High Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The following is issued by the Legislative Department:—

The supplementary legislation in the Imperial Council which will be necessary in order to provide an appeal to the High Court from certain awards of the Tribunal to be constituted under the Calcutta Improvement Bill has been the subject of much ill-informed criticism. It has been suggested that the matter is one which should be left to the Bengal Legislative Council and that the Imperial Council should confine its attention to matters more properly within its purview, The necessity, of course, for this legislation being carried out in the Imperial Council is solely due to the doubts cast by the Bombay High Court in the case of Hari vs. the Secretary of State for India, 1903, Indian Law Report, Bombay 434, on the powers of a local legislature to confer jurisdiction on a Chartered High Court.

MR. GOKHALE'S EDUCATION BILL.

Approved by Simla Municipality.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 28.

At a meeting of the Simla Municipal Committee held this morning, Mr. Kettlewell presiding, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's Elementary Education Bill came up for discussion and the sense of the meeting was that they were in favour of free education where funds allow, but the time had not come for compulsion. Among the Commissioners present were, Major Seton, I. M. S., Mr. Jalal, Mr. Hall, Mr. Astbury, Captain Needham, I. M. S., and Mr. Mir Mahomed Khan.

THE MINHLAUNG RISING.

Insurgents Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 28.

The prosecutions in connection with the rising of Minhlaung Po Than and his followers and attack on Myinmu last year, are nearing the end. Only seven of the forty-three cases remain to be tried and thirty-six have been disposed off. Five prisoners including Minhlaung were sentenced to death, two have died in hospital of beri beri, two were acquitted, twenty-five were sentenced to transportation for life, one to two years' rigorous imprisonment and one escaped from police custody and had not been recaptured. The seven remaining cases are expected to be finished about the middle of July.

THE coming municipal elections in Lahore are causing a great deal of local interest. Among the candidates for municipal honours are such well known public men as Lala Lajpat Rai, Harkishen Lal etc.

H. E. GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.

List of Guests Present.

THE following is the list of those present at H. E. the Governor's levee held at Government House, Ganeshkind, on Tuesday night :—

PRIVATE ENTRY.

Baddeley, Col. C. E. Royal Engrs, Bainbridge, Major, Bhagwat, Mr. S. R., Bhandarkar, R. G. Dr., Bhonsle, Luxmon Rao Saheb, Cassim Shah Aga, Captain A.-D.-C., Currimbhoy Ebrahim Sir, Dabhade, Khanderao Baboorao Senapati of Talegaon, Dastur Kaikobad A. Nosherwan, Sirdar, Doering, Right Rev. H. S. J., Bishop of Poona, Doran, Mr. E. A., Dyson, Lieut.-Col. T. E., I. M. S., Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr., Fitz-Gibbon, P. J. Mr., Gell, H. G., Mr. Gokhale, G. K. Mr, the Hon'ble, Hakim, Shaik Surfraz Khan Saheb, Jackson, Lieut.-Col. J., I. M. S. Hon'ble, Jadhavrao Raje Shambusing, 1st Class Sardar Malegaon, Jadhavrao Raje Ratnasinha, Mr., Kadri Syed Samsudin Khan Bahadur, Kelkar, Ganesh Keshav, Mr., Kelkar, K. J. Mr., Kennedy, M. Mr., Khandalawalla, N. D. Mr., Lawrence, Capt. A. D. C., Mann, Harold H. Dr., Matthew, Rev. John C., Mirikar, Yeshwantrao Trimbakrao Sirdar Rao Bahadur, Moodliar, Coopooswamy Vijiarangam, Sirdar Hon'ble, Moulvie Rafiudin Ahmed, the Hon'ble, Muhammad, Ghaus Wd. Shaik Fakaruddin Khan Saheb, Nowrojee Pudumji, Sirdar, Naik, Venkatesh Shrinivas Rao Saheb, Panse, G. D. Sirdar, Pant Sachiv Raghunathrao, Pant Pratinidhi, Balasaheb Chief of Aundh, Pattani, Prabhashanker D. Mr., Peerbhoy, Abdul Hussein, A. Mr., Phadnavis, B. M. 1st Class Sirdar, Purandhare, Sadashivrao Madhavrao, 1st Class Sirdar, Punt Sachiv, Shunker Rao, Chief of Bhor, Raste, Visvanath Khanderao, 1st Class Sirdar, Robertson, L. Mr. I. C. S., Roper, Campbell, Mr. I. C. S., Sharp, Mr. W. H. Hon'ble, Shrimant Krishnasheb, Raja of Jawhar, Stevenson, Surg.-General I. M. S., Swifte, L. C. Mr. I. C. S., Toradmal, Rao Bahadur Maruti Pandurang, Turner, A. L. M. Colonel, R. A., Vinchurkar, Sardar R. K.

PUBLIC ENTRY.

Aaron Daniel Mr., Abdoola Allan Mr., Abdoola Kadar Shaik Mr., Abdul Hayat Khan Sardar Mr., Abdul Ali Hak Sk. Adam Mr., Adi Cooverji Ardeshir Mr., Aga Coochick Shah Mr., Aga Murtaza Khan Mr., Allen H. N. Mr., Anandkar Y. N. Mr., Anderson A. C. Capt. A. V. C, Anundjee Nanjee Mr., Anderson R. H. B. Major, Anklesaria N. S. Mr., Apte H. N. Mr., Armstrong A.G. Lieut., Armytage Green, P. D. Capt., Araujo Brito J. Rev. Father, Atkinson G. P. 2nd Lieut.

Bailey A. C. J. Mr., Baines E. F. E. Major I. M. S., Bell C. V. M, Lt., Bellingham R. C. M. Lt. R. F. A., Berkeley R. E. Capt., Beveridge H. Capt., Bhadbhade R. G. Mr., Bhagwat S. R. Rao Saheb. Bhagwat V. V. Mr. L. M. and S., Bhandarkar D. R, Mr., Bhardi R. R. Mr., Bharucha E. S. Asst.-Surgn L. M. and S., Bharucha F. E. Mr., Bhave A. G. Mr., Bhave A. Mr., Bhoorava J. Bai Bah., Bivar H. F. Belli Lt., Bomanji Pestonji Mr., Bowen, A. N. Major R. A. M. C., Bowbay, A. B. Mr. A. V. C., Boys, Lt., Braithwaite, F. J. Major, Bremner, A. G. Major R. F., Bridges, F. L. Revd., Brotherton, L. E. 2nd Lt., Brown, A. Lt., Brown, R. S. Cree Mr., Brown-Mason H. O. B. Major R. A. M. C., Bunter P. Mr., Burjorjee Peroshaw Mr., Burnes N. Mr., Butcher L. B. Revd., Butler O'Brien Capt. R. A. M. C., Byatt H. V. B. Capt. R. A. M. C., Byramjee Pudumjee Mr.

Campbell C. S. Mr. I. C. S., Campbell W. K. H Major, Captain D. S. Mr., Caruthers-Little A. W. P. Lieutenant, Carvalho H. F. Mr., Cassumally J. P. Mr., Chapman E. H. Lieut., Chenoy Dadabhoy Sorabji Mr., Chenoy Framroze Sorabjee Mr., Chimanlal Kisandas Mr., Chiplunker M. H. Mr., Chitty E. R. I. Major, Chhaganlal G. Mr., Chatoorbhooj B. Mr., Clenison W. Capt., Courtice G. R. A. Revd., Collum J. A. Lieut., Cowdell A. F. 2nd Lieut., Cross Hope L. Mr., Cruickshank J. A. Capt., I. M. S.

Dastoor Aderji M Hormuzdiar Mr. Dastoor Dorab Hormuzdiar Mr, Dastoor Meher Hoshang Khan Bah, Dastoor Cursetjee D. Bhappu Mr., Davar S. C. Khan Bah, Davar C D Mr, Dandekar D B N. Dr, Rao Bah, Dandekar V. N. Mr, Dealy J. A. Lt-Col. R. E, Deshpande A. L. Mr, Deshpande G. A. Sirdar, Deshpande G. K. Rao. Saheb, Deshpande L. M. Mr, De Souza A. M. Mr., De Souza Jos. Peter Revd Father, Dhomdhare H. R., Sardar, Dias E. X. Dr. L. M. and S., Dongre M. G. Mr. Dorabjee Sorabjee Mr., Douglas A. P. Major, R. A., Dubois D. A. Mr. Dyke P. H. Major.

Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer Mr., Edwards L. Major, Eeles C. A. Lt. R. F. A. Fakirkhan D. Jemadar Fanshawe L. A. Lt. R. A. Feroz Khan A. Sardar, Flint, R. B. Captain., Fox. J. J. C. Dr., Fox. H. L. Mr., I. C. S.

Gadgil K. P. Mr., Gadre M. P. Mr., Gammie G., A. Mr., Gandekar K. R. Mr., Gaskell H. S. Capt., Ghandki G. K. Mr., Ghaswala F. D. Mr., Ghaswala K. A. Lieut, Ghati V. S. Mr., Godbole K. R. Mr., Godbole B. P. Mr., Gokhale G. R. Mr., Gokhale L. R. Mr, Gokhale T. G. Sirdar, Gokhale V. C. Mr. Gonsalves A. F. Mr, Gordon R. G. Mr. Gore-Brown, A. E. R. Lieut, Gotiwala S. P. Seth, Govindji, Madhowji Mr, Graham J. S. Lieut, Grey Collier C. B. Rev, Griffith F. C. Mr, Gudi B. B. Mr, Gupte, T. V. Mr., Gupte V. G. Mr. Gustadji Dhanjisha Mr.,

Haji Moosa Haji Oosman Mr. Hayne Captain S S, Haji S. M. Mr. J. P, Hanmantram R. Mr, Hudson J. R. Capt, Haughton E. J. Capt., Hall E. J. Capt, Hanckel A. W. Mr, Hopwood A. H. Lieut, Hutchinson, F. H. G. Major I. M. S, Hudson, Lieut, Holmes, Lieut, Hunt, Vere Major, Hill J. R. Lieut-Col, Hulsebergh, H. H. Major, Hughes, G. W. 2nd Lieut, Hooker, J. S. Capt, Hasabuis, V. G. Sardar, Helus, H. T. St. R. F. A, Humphry, L. Major, R. A. M. C, Humphreys, G. G. Major.

I' Anson, C. J. de V. Lt, Ismail, G. Allana, Mr Ingle E. H Mr, Ivens, C. W. M, Lt. R. F. A, Izzed, K. W. Lt.

Jasuff, H Jaffer, Mr. Jagmohandas, Keshavdas, Mr, Janaspandit B. B. Mr, Jehangir Pestonji Mr., Jerrard, C. F. 2nd Lt, Jivaje Sorabji Mr, Joglekar, R. N. Rao Bahadur, Johnson, H. A. B. Lt, Joshi, B. P. Mr, Javadekar, G. V. Mr.

Kapadia, D. D. Mr, Kapadia, R. R. Mr, Kaikhosru, S. Framji Mr., Kamat, B. S. Mr, Karmarker, A. E. Mr, Kaduskar, V. G. Mr, Karve, R. J. Mr, Kazi Sayed I. S. Hoosan Mr, Kemple, Capt. R. A. Kelker, J. K. Rao Saheb, Kelkar, K. G. Rao Bah, Kelker, N. C. Mr, Keyworth, W. D. Lt. I. M. S, Khare, G. N. Mr., Kaji, A. Murghay, Khan Saheb.

Quayle, P. R. 2nd Lt.

Robinson, Major H. A., Rose Capt. F. C, Rustomjee, R. S. Mr.

Joshi B. V. Mr, Javadekar J. V. Mr.

Kirtane H. V. Mr., Kisanidas V. M., Kitchin, J. H. Capt., Knight J. B. M., Koppikar V. S. Rao Bah, Kulkarni M. S. Mr., Kuntuckar M. K. Rao Bah, Kuntuckar B. H. Mr., Karware M. A. Mr.

Lake E. A. W. Lt, Langhorne C. C. 2nd Lt, Loghan-horne F. C. Lt-Col, Logan R. H. Lt, Lough A. E. Capt R. F. A. Luna G. de Mr. Limaye H. G. Mr., Lennox G. M. Cap, Lunham J. L. Capt I. M. S, Laximdas V. Ramji Mr., Lyon W. Fred Capt.

Macmillan N. B. Mr., Macnical Dr, Macpherson A. K. Lieut, Macqueen E. T. L. 2nd Lt, Madivalla K. G. Mr., Maganlal Dipchand Mr., Mahamedbhoy Kurrimbhoy Ebrahim Mr., Majid Khan Abdul Sardar, Mandy Newton C. Mr., Mankar V. G. Mr., Mann Harold H. Mr., Marathe K. B. Mr., Marriott, J. H. G. Capt, Marchant le H. N. Capt, Massy W. I. J. Capt, Martin E. E. Major A. V. C., Maturin R. G. Capt D. S. O. R. F. A, Matthew John C. Revd, Maule H. N. St Major R. F. A, McClesh A. J. H. Lieut, McIver J. A. Mr., Mic Cudden J. H. Capt, Madhekar D. G. Mr., Mead P. J. Mr. I. C. S., Medadkar S. R. Mr., Mehedele K. C. Sardar, Mendhi Khan Jamadar, Mir Agada Shuseen Mir Imadadhussen, Haji H. M. A. R. Mr., Mirikar G. L. Sardar, Milne W. 2nd Lieut, Mirza Ibrahim Baig Sar Bah Capt, Moodliar B. V. Mr., Moir J. S. S. Capt, Mody Cawasjee Temuljee Mr., Monteith Mr. E. C. V. S. Lieut, Mohammad Khan Maj Sar Bah, Mowat J. S. Capt, Moodliar S. C. Mr., Moodliar V. M. Mr., Mulchand B. Mr., Mudge E. C. Lt and Qr Mr., Mussaram Kaluram Bhow Mr., Muzumdar G. N. Sardar.

Nadkarni, S. S. Mr., Naik, H. R. Mr., Navalkar, R. R. Rao Saheb, Natu, V. M. Mr., Naylor, H. W. Capt. R.F.A., Natu, N. C. Sardar, Natu, S. V. Mr., Natu, V. H. Mr., Nusserwanji Dhunjishaw, Mr., Nattal, M. E. Major.

O'Neil, H. J. D. Lieut., Onkar, B. B. Rao Bahadur.

Page, Mr., Pajnigar, N. M. Mr., Paranjpye, R. P. Mr., Paris, Captain A. L. R. E., Parasins Dattraya, B. Mr., Parekh, C. P. Mr., Patel, C. P. Mr., Patwardhan, Rao Bahadur S. V., Patwardhan, Rao Saheb V. M., Patwardhan, V. K. Mr., Pelly, Lt. K., Pethe, R. V. Mr., Penton, Lt.-Col. R. H. Pestonjee Bomanjee Mr., Pinto Phillips, Mr., Pirzade, Sardar Khan Bah, Pogson, r. C., Potnis, C. S. Mr., Potnis, R. F. Mr., Powell, Capt. A. E. R.E., Powell, Capt. D. H., Power C. J. Mr., Powell, Capt. P. R.F.A., Phiroseshah, P. J. Mr., Pradhan, K. B. Mr., Prior, R. D. Mr., Pursade, K. N. Mr.

Radcliffe Capt A. D., Ramjee Pandoo Rao Bah, Ramnarayen A. Rao Bah, Ramvell Lt. J, Ranade, S. V. Dr, Ranade, V. Mr, Rawlence Lt. R. E., Rawlinson H. G. Mr, Rehemobhoy A. Mr., Reid, Lieut W. L., Rendall, Lt. A. J. R.F.A., Richardson. Lt. J. S. R. E, Robinson Lt. R. F. A., Robinson, Major, O. L., Rosher Lt. Col. H. L, Rodrigues M. V. Mr., Robertson-Glasgow Lt. R. A., Rahimtulla C. Ebrahim Mr, Ramdass Goverdhandas. Mr.

Sahasrabudhe B. T. Mr, Sahlman W. H. B. Capt, Samarth V. M. Divan Bahadur, Sanderson W. D, Major, Sane K. N. Mr, Sarsons E. V. Capt R. G. A Satbhai S. A. Rao Bahadur, Satpute N. R. Dr, Sathe, S. G. Mr., Sayed Gulam Mahomed Rafai Mr, Sayad Inaitulah Khan Kazi, Sayyid Ahmad Mr, Schmidt H. Rev, Setna A. B Mr, B. A. LL. B Shalm B. Mr., Shaw G C Lieut, Shelim T. E Mr, Shepherd, S. Mr. W, Shikare. V. V. Mr. L. M. and S, Shinde, D. R. Rev, Shah, A. Mr, Smales, W. C Capt, Smith, Homes, E. Mr, Smith, J. B. Lt Col, Southy, W. M. Major, Standbridge, C. A, Lieut, Stanger-Leathes, H. E Capt, Stanley, H Mr, Startin, J. Lieut R. A. M, Stoehr, C. F. Lieut R E. Summers, G. H. Lieut, Surayavanshi, S. S Rev, Sweeny, R. L. C. Capt, Syed, Nininuddin Syed Hussain, Khan Saheb, Symon, H. Lieut R. F A.

Talukdar, B M. Mr, Tapre, B. M, Mr. Thompson, Bancrat A Mr, Thomson G S, Lieut Eels, Tawayets H.D. Lieut, Tikamdas, K, Mr, Toll, A Capt, Trefusis, G R Turkhud, S. A T, Turnball, S A Mr, Twigg H. J. R. Major Twiss A M Capt.

Umala, L. B. Mr., Utterson, Capt. H. K.

Vartak, V. N. Mr., Vaidia, B. B. Mr., Viner, Lt. C. E. R. A.

Wadia, J. P. Asst.-Surgn., Wahed, S. A. Mr., Waljer, E. C. Lt. R.E., Waterfield, E. H. Mr. I.C.S., Watson, J. F. B. 2nd Lt., Webb, A. W. F. Lt., White, O. W. Lt., Whyte, C. W. F. Col, Will, P. Rvd. F., Wilson, J. A. Revd., Windhousew, S. J. Revd. Fr., Williamson, R. Dr., Wilson, R. C. Capt., Wren, P. Mr., Wiseman, C. S. Capt., Winne, F. G. Lt.

Yeabs, E. P. Lieut., Yessudian, J. Rev., Young, B. M. Lieut., Ajussuff Noormahomed.

GERMAN NAVY.

Admiral V. Koester's Plans.

ESOTERIC influences seem to be at work, wrote the Berlin correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" in mail week, to damp down the enthusiasm excited in certain quarters by the Navy League's demand for the laying down of an extra cruiser annually during the next six years. The Agrarian "Deutsche Tageszeitung," the most widely-read Conservative paper, which was one of the first organs of the Press to offer the proposal its cordial support, has since changed its attitude into one of benevolent deprecation, while the "Kreuzzeitung," the official sheet of the party, "cannot regard this resolution without misgivings," and suggests that if there is to be increased outlay on the machinery of warfare the army has the first claim to consideration.

The young Deputy, Herr Erzberger, whose abilities and restless energy have made him a sort of unofficial intellectual leader of the Centre, has nothing but unqualified denunciation for Admiral von Koester's scheme, and writes: "Augmented shipbuliding is bound to disturb the tranquil development of international affairs, and particularly at the present moment it would be a danger to the peace of the world, and not an enhanced guarantee thereof."

Needless to say, however, the Socialistic "Vorwarts" is not convinced of the sincerity of these expressions of opinion, but attributes them to the anxiety of the Government to avoid too loud an insistence upon additional armaments, with their corollary of fresh taxation, till after the General Election is over.

It seems clear that what the Navy League programme aims at is the addition of six extra armoured cruisers to the German Fleet; but considerable doubts exist as to the process of reasoning by which this demand is justified. Under the Navy Acts the establishment of first-class cruisers is fixed at twenty which, it is further provided, shall be renewed as soon as they have attained the age of a score of years.

CONJURING WITH CRUISERS.

The schedule which forms an intrinsic part of the law of 1900 enumerates the cruisers then afloat, which were to be reckoned among these twenty. The list includes the names of the Freya, the Hertha, the Hansa, the Vineta, and the Viktoria Luise, at present employed as school ships as well as that of the 6,000-ton Kaiserin Augusta. These are the six vessels of which the Navy League proposes that use should be made for the great conjuring trick.

As a matter of fact, however, every one of these ships is of such an age that, under the twenty-year limit, its renewal would be necessary within the period from 1912 to 1917 assigned by the League for the laying down of the extra half-dozen capital cruisers. But if they were to be replaced strictly according to their age, the five first-class cruisers would have to be laid down over two successive years. To relieve the yards of the embarrassment of the alternate superfluity and deficiency of orders that would have been consequent upon this schedule, the Bill of 1908 spread the replacements of the six vessels mentioned equally over half a dozen years from 1912 to 1917. The last supplementary capital cruiser bringing up the establishment of vessels of this class to the full twenty prescribed by law is the "K," which was ordered this spring and the single cruiser annually that appears on the building programme from now onwards till 1917 will take the place of one or the other of the Freya, Hertha, Hansa, Vineta, Viktoria Luise, and Kaiserin Augusta.

It would thus appear at first sight that Admiral von Koester's requirements have already been amply fulfilled, and in such a manner as to cause the maximum of satisfaction to the shipbuilding industry, and the minimum of anxiety to the Imperial Secretary and the Financial Secretary. But, of course, that is not what the Admiral wants or professes to. His demand either is completely meaningless, or has as its object the addition to Germany's fleet of a certain number of first-class cruisers. It is, in fact, obviously not merely replacements for six specified cruisers which the Navy League demands; but, in addition to these half a dozen extra capital ships.

OBSCURE PROPOSALS.

It has been suggested in some quarters that the obscure reasonings of the League merely involve acceleration of construction through striking the five school ships and the Kaiserin Augusta off the establishment. It would then, so it is argued, be open to the Ministry of Marine to say: "You thought you had twenty first-class cruisers, and now you see you have only fourteen. We must hasten to make up the deficiency and build up to our complement by laying down two instead of only one annually for the next three years." If this is the true interpretation of the Navy League oracle, its net result would be that Germany would have her next six capital cruisers three years earlier than prescribed by existing law.

But, in the first place, this would be a mere juggling with words, as the vessels are rendered neither more nor less valuable by deleting them from one list and writing them into another. Then it must be remembered that the Navy League case has been justified from the outset by the argument that it would be disastrous to the shipbuilding industry if the number of capital ships ordered annually was suddenly to sink from four to two, and to remain at the latter figure for half a dozen years. But if the theory indicated is the correct one, and the plan in question is adopted, three capital ships annually would be laid down in 1912, 1913, and 1914, and then would follow a period of three years in each of which only one would be ordered. From four to two is, however, a decrease of only 50 per cent., and from three to one, on the other hand, is one of 66 2-3.

It is evident that, whatever the immediate object of the semi-official Navy League policy may be, its ultimate aim cannot involve consequences of this kind and further demands must be in preparation to fill the gap from 1914 to 1917. On the whole, the facts appear to justify the conclusion that the Koester policy means that the half-dozen disparaged cruisers should at the same time be struck off the statutory schedule, and replaced as if still on it, and that six extra capital vessels should be ordered to fill up the defective establishment. Perhaps the faulty logic of this demand is the cause why it has been put forward in language which defies precise interpretation.

SEDITIOUS LITERATURE CONFISCATED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 28.

A Tamil pamphlet, "A word of advice to the Aryans," purporting to be printed in Madras, and the "Oath of admission to the new Bharata Association" purporting to be printed in Madras, are declared to be forfeited to His Majesty as they contain matters tending to excite disaffection towards Government.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

Bohra Musjid Murder.

AT the second sitting of the Third Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, yesterday, Mangalsing Ramsing was charged with the offence of murder on the morning of the 18th May last.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. C. B. Jussawalla, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, the accused was defended by Mr. Henry Campbell.

The following special jurors were appointed to try the case:—Mr. E. W. Fritcheley (foreman); Mr. A. S. Knowles; Mr. P. G. Singhanee Mr. Reginald Peel; Mr. Henry Arthur Thomas Treble; Mr. H. A. Whitton; Mr. Burjor Sorabshaw Jamshedji Aga; Mr. Reuben J. Mathalone; and Mr. Rustamji Edulji Bharucha.

The Advocate-General, in opening the case for the Crown, said that the facts were few and simple. The accused was living with his mistress, Ithabai, in a house in Borah Musjid Lane. The accused and the deceased took the room from one Jairam Tukaram on the 6th May last. On the evening of the 17th May, the deceased's brother, Sadu Balu, took his meals with them, and then went away at about 10 p. m. The accused was, at that time, drunk. Several neighbours would be called to prove that the accused and the deceased were heard quarreling that night. It appeared that the accused, who was a domestic servant, was asked by his master to go with him to Calcutta, and the accused asked her to accompany him to Calcutta, but the deceased refused to accompany him and said she would go to Poona. In the morning, the neighbours heard Ithabai bawling out. They rushed at the door, opened it and found Ithabai lying on the floor with the accused covering on her head, a "sari". The accused told them that he had killed her with a curry stone; he then went and surrendered himself to the police. The woman was dead. The whole left side of her head was crushed and the brains were protruding. Before the committing Magistrate, the accused had admitted having committed the deed, but said he had no intention to do so, he did it as he was drunk at the time; but, as his Lordship would direct them, that was no excuse, and if these facts were established, the accused would undoubtedly be guilty of the offence.

Evidence was recorded.

The learned Advocate-General then tendered the prisoner's statement before the committing Magistrate.

Mr. Campbell objected to its admissibility on the ground that the statement was not in proper form and irregular and that it ought to have been recorded question and answer in the vernacular.

His Lordship over-ruled the objection and the statement was read to the jury. It stated that the act was not done intentionally but done under the influence of liquor.

Questioned by his Lordship, the accused said he did not wish to make any statement. He left the case in the hands of his counsel.

His Lordship having summed up the case the jury unanimously found the accused guilty.

His Lordship sentenced the accused to death, as there was no extenuating circumstance in the case.

His Lordship then passed orders in the Advocate-General's motion on the question of the Rs. 200 deposited in the Taj Mahal Branch of the P. O. Savings Bank by a convict named Shivdulari.

The facts of this motion have been reported.

His Lordship made the notice of motion absolute and passed orders in terms of the notice of motion.

The Sessions were then adjourned.

MAHOMEDAN GIRLS' ORPHANAGE.

Question of Stamp Duty.

AT the Bombay High Court, yesterday, a full Bench, consisting of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rao, disposed of a reference made by Mr. E. L. Sale, Collector of Bombay, under the Stamp Act.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by the Government Solicitor, appeared for the Collector; Mr. Cohen, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, was for the trustees of the Mahomedan Girls' Orphanage, the instrument of which was in dispute.

The reference stated that an instrument duly executed and stamped with Rs. 15 as a declaration of trust of Abdulla Haji Dawood Bowla Orphanage for Mahomedan Girls under Article 64 (a) of the Stamp Act was, together with two duplicates, also duly executed and stamped with Re. 1 each was forwarded to the Collector by Messrs. Little and Co., on behalf of Mr. S. M. Edwardes and others, trustees named in the instrument, with a request that he should denote on the two duplicates that proper stamp duty had been paid on the instrument. On inquiries made from Mr. S. M. Edwardes, the Collector ascertained that the funds described in the first part of Schedule B. to the instrument represented moneys subscribed by diverse persons and made as a result of requests in writing of Mr. S. M. Edwardes or of an appeal in vernacular in the native press. Some of the sums collected by Mr. Edwardes were accompanied by letters from the donors. Mr. Edwardes was unable to say what proportion was subscribed owing to the requests in writing and what proportion was accompanied by letters from the donors.

The Collector said in his opinion the instrument was a settlement within the meaning of Section 2 (24) of the Stamp Act in that it was not a testamentary disposition in writing of property made for charitable purposes, and was accordingly chargeable with duty of Rs. 1,555 under Article 58 (A) of Schedule I to the Act.

The trustees contended that the instrument was chargeable as a declaration of trust and was, therefore, duly stamped.

Their Lordships, in delivering their judgment, held that the instrument, so far as it related to the funds amounting to Rs. 1,03,200, resulting from Mr. Edwardes' appeal was a settlement according to the definition in Section 2 (24) of the Stamp Act and was chargeable with duty on that amount at half per cent; and the instrument, so far as it related to the funds amounting to Rs. 2,07,000 brought in by the Bowla Trustees was a disposition for a charitable purpose and was chargeable with Rs. 15 duty only.

ALLEGED CHILD MURDER.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Hayward heard the appeal of Shiddaya Nagaya who was convicted of murder of a child Bashya, six years of age by suffocating it and sentenced to death by Mr. E. H. E. Leggatt, Sessions Judge of Dharwar.

Mr. S.G. Velinker, instructed by Mr. Bhadgamkar, appeared for the accused; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

The prosecution case was that the accused was the guru of the Kurbar to which caste the child's father Yella belonged. The accused had a quarrel with Yella's cousin Raja Yella intervened on Raja's behalf and was beaten by accused and his son. Yella, thereupon, took out his shoe in order to strike accused with it, but he was prevented from doing so. The accused was very angry at the insult and no reconciliation could be brought about. Three days after this affair, the deceased was playing with another child in the road. Some time after, the accused was seen catch hold of the child's hand and take him into his house. Sometime after he was seen by another witness coming out of his house carrying a child by one leg and one arm. Seeing the witness, the accused stepped back into the house. Some time later, two other people saw the accused bring the dead body of the child and put it down by the wall of a house.

The accused's story was that he was plastering his house, and when he came near to his cesspool he saw a child's body rise to the surface. Thinking, it was one of his own children, he took it out but finding it was not, he laid it down at the wall of the house.

The assistant surgeon, who was examined in the case, said death was due to an accident, but the Civil Surgeon, Major Bennett, who was also examined was of opinion that the child was suffocated by having a hand placed over the mouth and nostrils and food having been pushed down to the back of the throat and thence aspirated into the windpipe, after suffocation was wholly or partly effected.

The Sessions Judge, on the evidence, held without hesitation that the accused was guilty and in view of the fact that the murder was a deliberate one, carefully thought out and that, too, of an innocent child, sentenced him to death, though he was an elderly man of 6. years of age.

Counsel's arguments were heard during the day.

POLICE COURTS.

THEVING DOMESTIC SURVANTS.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Sykes charged Mangal Deeva, a domestic, lately employed in the Railway Hotel, with theft as a servant of spoons, knives, forks and etc., of the collective value of Rs. 79, the property of the Hotel. It appeared from evidence that a few days ago while all were asleep, the accused entered the kitchen through the roof and stole the property with which he made himself scarce. He was arrested on Tuesday and the property recovered from him. He pleaded guilty and admitted a previous conviction.

The accused was also charged along with one Moti with stealing Rs. 400 in cash belonging to the Railway Hotel. Both the accused pleaded guilty.

His Worship, delivering his decision, said that thefts by servants were becoming very common in Bombay, and people ought to be careful in engaging domestics. If the proprietors of the Railway Hotel had known that the accused had been to jail before for theft, surely they would never have engaged them. His Worship suggested that the proprietors of clubs and hotels and even private individuals, before engaging a domestic, should secure his thumb impression and forward it to the C. I. D. to find out if the man had been to jail before. This would ensure safety to the public and save a great deal of trouble to the police and the Courts.

The first accused was sentenced to eleven and the second to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

BREACH OF FACTORIES' ACT.

Mr. K. M. Mehta, Proprietor of the Bombay Union Dye Works in Parel Tank Road, was charged by Mr. Boughton Chambers, Inspector of Factories, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, for failing to register his Factory and for neglecting to fence the fly-wheel of the engine. The accused pleaded guilty on both counts and, the charges not being pressed, he was convicted and warned under the first, and in the second case was convicted and fined Rs. 10.

ROME AND THE MODERNISTS.

Sensational Libel Case.

AT a late hour at Rome on June 6, the jury found their verdict in the Bricarelli-Verdesi libel case. Verdesi was declared guilty of an unfounded calumny, but with extenuating circumstances, and was condemned to a fine of 833f. (£33) and undergo ten months' imprisonment.

The verdict seems to have given general satisfaction, as very little sympathy was felt with Verdesi even in the most liberal quarters.

The action which was brought by Father Bricarelli, a Jesuit, against the young priest Verdesi, who has lately left the Church and joined the Methodists, is for having publicly accused him of violation of the seal of confession.

Verdesi began his religious career as a novice in a Benedictine Convent. Tiring of the life he ran away and was found by his family, after some days, with the Methodists. He repented of this escapade and returned to the convent, which, however, not long afterwards advised his removal, since he showed no aptitude or vocation for monastic life. He was then admitted to the Roman Seminary and in due course ordained a priest. Father Bricarelli, who had befriended him throughout, was for some time his confessor and remained his friend after 1907, the year in which Verdesi, removed to some distance from Rome, ceased to come to him for confession. On one occasion in 1908, when Verdesi was paying a visit to Father Bricarelli, their conversation fell on the Modernist movement, and Verdesi betrayed so much knowledge of what was actually going on among the Modernists that Bricarelli's suspicions were aroused. Pressed for an explanation, Verdesi admitted that he had attended many Modernist meetings and was on friendly terms with the leaders; he also gave a very sensational account of the language used by the Modernists in attacking the authority of the Church.

Father Bricarelli, after reproaching him for having ~~had anything to do with these people~~, insisted upon Verdesi's doing his duty as a loyal priest and denouncing those who were disloyal. Verdesi complied, and signed a deposition drawn up according to his own information, in which certain priests—Ernesto Bonaiuti, Nicola Turelei, Mario Rossi, Ottorino Coppa, and others—were accused of Modernist propaganda. Father Bricarelli now declares that this deposition, upon which the Church authorities afterwards acted, suspending the accused priests, was not made in any way as a confession. That Verdesi, in fact, had for some time gone for confession to another priests; and, finally, that Verdesi was cognisant of the use to which the deposition would be put and made no objection.

Verdesi, however, seems to have repented again. It is suggested that the cause of his second repentance was his failure to obtain a post in the Vatican. In any case, he discarded his priest's robes and took refuge with the Methodists, at whose instigation, apparently, he launched his accusation against Father Bricarelli and the Pope, who he declared, had jointly violated the seal of confession in making use of his deposition.

ALL-INDIA MOSLEM LEAGUE.

The London Mosque.

The annual meeting of the London branch of this League was held at 22 Albemarle Street, under the chairmanship of Mr. Ameer Ali, the president.

Sir Erle Richards, moving the adoption of the report, said that it showed that remarkable progress had been made since the last annual meeting with the scheme for the provision of a mosque in London. He hoped that the mosque would give fitting expression to the architectural and ecclesiastical ideas of their faith, and that, placed in a central position, it would be a standing mark and token of the importance and numerical strength of the Moslems of the empire. He trusted the provision would be of especial benefit to the Moslem students. The question of Indian students in this country was one of great difficulty, and to his mind had not been properly solved. The young men too often returned to India not improved, but deteriorated, by their stay here. Why should it be necessary for Indian students to come to England, in order to be called to the Bar seeing that the same procedure was not necessary in the case of prospective barristers in the self-governing Colonies? The young Indians seldom took advantage of their stay here to read in barrister's chambers and thus see actual legal work; nor did they imbibe those high principles of honour and dignity to be acquired by mixing with other barristers at the Inns. If they were called to the Bar in India, they would avoid great risks. He admitted, however, that the change could not be hurriedly made, and would require considerable discussion.

The adoption of the report was seconded by Mr. J. C. Nicholson, and supported by Mr. Polak, Mr. A. S. M. Anik, and Sir J. D. Rees, the latter remarking that since the establishment of the League, the immense importance of the Mahomedan factor in our empire had been much more fully understood in Great Britain than formerly.

The Chairman said he could not entirely agree with the views of Sir Erle Richards as to Indian students. A sojourn in this country was of great educational value to young Indians. They were liable in India to move in a vicious circle, in the sense that if they graduated at a university they considered themselves equal with the best graduates of Oxford and Cambridge. But when they came here, they found that the world was larger than Calcutta, or Allahabad, or Aligarh. If we discouraged Indians coming to this country they would go to Tokyo, or New York, or Paris. He felt that it was the duty of Englishmen to encourage their coming here and to bring them under wholesome English influences—(cheers)—rather than to leave them to drift to other directions, where they might imbibe aspirations and ideas which were not altogether in favour of the permanence of the connection between India and England.

Lord Victor William Paget, of the Royal Horse Guards Barracks, Hyde Park, against whom six previous convictions were recorded, has been fined £10 and costs at Mortlake and his licence suspended for six months, for motoring at over 32 miles an hour on Barnes Common.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

R. G. A. vs. Govt. Telegraphs.

ON Wednesday evening, on the Cooperage Ground, Bombay, in the Harwood League, the Royal Garrison Artillery met the Government Telegraphs under fine weather conditions. The Telegraphs were obviously too light for their opponents, but the game was interesting throughout. Moore, for the Telegraphs, gave a good exhibition in goal, while the soldiers' forward line played with cohesion.

The Gunners lost no time in instituting an attack and twice Fleming put in good centres which Moore cleared safely. Play still centred round the Telegraphs' goal-mouth and, after Moore had saved creditably three times in succession, Hunt beat him completely with a raking shot in the corner of the net. The Telegraphs now rallied and for a time crossed into the soldiers half, but they were soon driven into their own territory, when Lieut. Brooke put in a well-judged centre, which Hunt was unable to convert with his head. Once more the Telegraphs rallied, but they did not seem able to follow up their advantages and were gradually pressed back across the half-way line. Finally, after some goal-mouth play, Hunt scored a second goal for his side. Play now became somewhat monotonous for a time, the only event worthy of notice being a save by Moore from a hot, rising shot by Broadfoot. The Gunners still continued to attack the Telegraph goal in an apathetic manner, but did not take advantage of all their opportunities for scoring. At last came a moment of excitement, Lieut. Brooke put in a ground shot which Moore cleared, although harassed by the whole of the Artillery forward line. Half-time score:

R. G. A. .... 2 goals
Govt. Telegraphs .... nil

On the resumption of play, the Telegraphs' forwards made an attempt to score, but their combination was ineffectual and they were not quick enough in following up their passes. Once, for the soldiers, Hunt got away by himself, but Moore got rid of the resultant shot. Soon after this, Moore saved cleverly twice in succession from shots by McConaghy and Hunt. The Artillerymen were having the better of the game and the Telegraphs owed much to their goal-keeper in that he saved time after time when the backs had been beaten. Then Fleming put in a splendid shot from the wing. The ball bounded out of Moore's hands and the goal-keeper tried to recover it, but Broadfoot, who was on the spot, rushed it through. A moment later Hunt got right away with the ball and with no one but Moore to stop him scored in the corner of the net. This seemed to demoralise the Telegraphs and Broadfoot and Lieut. Brooke each added a point in quick succession. After a period of uninteresting exchanges the whistle brought the play to an end, the score being:

R. G. A. .... 6 goals
Govt Telegraphs .... nil

The teams were as follows:—

GOVT. TELEGRAPHS: Goal, Moore; backs, Hewitt and Lawrence; halves, Westwood, Woollen and Dyce; forwards, Birtch, Green, Cooker and Taylor.

R.G.A.;—Goal, Leary: backs, Turner and Kenny; half-backs, Clark, Capt. Sadler and Stewart; forwards, Fleming, Broadfoot, Hunt, McConaghy and Lieut. Brooke.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League:—

	P	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Goals. Agst.	Pts.
R. G. A.	5	3	1	1	18	7	7
R. Warwicks	3	3	0	0	12	1	6
Bombay F. C.	3	2	1	0	7	4	4
Telegraphs	4	2	2	0	4	12	4
Byculla R. Institute	4	2	2	0	4	11	4
Bombay Gymkhana	4	1	2	1	12	7	3
B. V. A.	3	1	2	0	2	12	2
Y. M. C. A.	4	0	4	0	1	8	0

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

The following programme has been arranged for the first sports of this season on Wednesday, 12th July at 5-30 p. m. (weather permitting):—

1. Tent Pegging.
2. Ladies Calling Race.
3. Bending Race for Men.
4. Polo Ball Stakes for Ladies.
5. Jumping Section of Four.
6. Horse and Pony Distance Scurry.

The Ladies' Calling Race will be run off in heats of four. A lady will start each from a corner of a square, at which will be placed a not-at-home box. The ladies will ride right-handed dropping a card into each of the boxes at the four corners. The box from which they start will be the fourth into which they can drop their card. A fifth and last box will be placed in the middle of the square, and after dropping their fifth card into the box, the ladies will ride to the winning post. Ladies will use their own private calling cards. Any lady knocking down a box will be disqualified.

Polo Ball Stakes.—Lady will ride from a mark to a basket which contains four polo balls. These balls must be carried one by one to a fence and thrown to her partner who will be standing beyond the fence and behind a mark. The partner must catch the ball before it touches the ground and place it in his basket. If a ball is not caught the partner must take it to the lady to throw to him again. After throwing the fourth ball and seeing it properly deposited in her partner's basket, the lady will ride the prescribed course.

CRICKET.

MAHOMEDANS vs. LUSITANIA.

This match was played on Marine Lines. Scores:—

MAHOMEDAN C. C.

M I Naik, c and b Braganza	8
Shaik Popa, b Cutinho	3
Shamsuddin, c and b Cutinho	0
Carim, b Braganza	78
Vali Ahmed c and b Braganza	19
Shaikh Edroos, b Saldanha	8
M T Ghansar c and b Paes	0
Shaikh Ali c and b Paes	11
A Kadir c and b Paes	0
Mohinuddin, not out	13
Ali Saheb, b Braganza	7
Extras	14
Total	161

LUSITANIA C. C.

R B D'Costa, b Edroos	3
J F Paes, b Edroos	24
J C Ferrao, b Mohinuddin	1
M Saldanha, b Edroos	19
F J D'Mello, st, b Edroos	5
D G Souza, b Edroos	0
J P Braganza, b Mohinuddin	4
F V Cutinho, l-b-w, b Mohinuddin	14
A H Vaz, c and b Mohinuddin	5
Banjan, st, b Edroos	6
M Dias, not out	0
Extras	15
Total	96

LENGHTY SUIT FINISHED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JUNE 28.

After a hearing, lasting over eighteen months, judgment has just been delivered by the District Judge in the suit filed by a local syndicate (consisting of the late Mr. Maigundadava Mudaliar, R. B. the late Mr. Thumbu Chetty, C. I. E., a former Dewan of Mysore and Messrs. T. Leishman, W. Abraham, J. Watt and eleven others) against Mr. T. Burr, an engineering contractor, for the recovery of Rs. 6,000 and one rupee per ton as a royalty on chrome ore excavated and exported by him from the Kadakola block in the Mysore Taluk. The plaintiffs had paid him Rs. 10,000 for the block and entered into an agreement with him to work it on a royalty basis which he failed to do. The District Judge passed a decree for Rs. 8,300.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

"OF GREAT PRICE."

To-day, writes Mrs. Evan Nepean in the "Pall Mall Gazette" of mail week, I picked up a priceless jewel in the gutter. While I could make my mind cling to the idea that it was an aquamarine en cabochon or rather, cut as a round bead, I was happy and excited, but as soon as I let myself go back to common-sense I was so much amused at myself that I became still more happy, and nearly as excited, because my aquamarine was of those glass balls that come out of certain sorts of mineral-water bottles—I can't remember which. But I must find out, and drink that water for the sake of the bottles, or, rather, the priceless jewel that sticks in their throats, and then, when I have enough of them I will have them enclosed in silver filigree and strung together on a silver chain—quite closely—and people will ask me where I got it from, or when I call it my temperance necklace they will all agree with me that it isn't beer that pays nowadays!

THE PREFERENCE IN GEMS.

Now this sounds frivolous, but that is the way in which I take jewellery—I cannot help it. I do not care a bit for a diamond tiara, earrings, riviere, and brooches, all en suite, and would much rather have one single stone. I hate diamonds for the very reason that most people like them: they are the perfect jewel for full dress. I admit it, and I love full dress, but I hate diamonds, because of their "suitability" to it? Of course, pearls are as suitable, and when I say "suitable" I mean "right" and I have no word to say against pearls, at least only one, and that is purely personal. I am one of those fortunate women who please pearls—on me, they become lustrous after a few times of wearing, show their finest qualities, their most gleaming "skin," and . . . . I have no pearls, and this, I think, is one of the most amazing mistakes Fate has ever made about me?

PASTE VERSUS DIAMONDS.

I prefer old paste to diamonds because it is infinitely more artistic, more subtle, more romantic. It is very, very hard, even with memories of Marie Antoinette's necklace, to say nothing of the mysteries attached to the great single stones whose histories are world-famous, to extract any romance from diamonds, and yet how many people have tried to do so There isn't any "that isn't put into them." Nor, in my heart of hearts, except when I am in my chemist shop mood (do you remember the letter of R. L. Stevenson's, in which he described a friend as enjoying a drive "through a great town at night, waiting to see the chemists' shops go by"?), do I really care for sapphires—oh, how cold, how cruel a sapphire can be!—unless I remember such a phrase as one of Kipling's, referring to a certain Indian temple "where the eleven-inch table sapphire is." An eleven-inch sapphire! It catches one's breath. Rubies again. Rubies are sometimes so nearly magenta that I never really loved them. Emeralds are different, because emeralds are green, the most beautiful colour in the world, and the thought of a certain parure of emeralds—square ones—and diamonds, in snow-white hair, remains one of my happiest eye memories of the past. Have you ever chosen your rings for the sake of having them near your eyes? Do you know what I mean? "We Normans sit with our chins in our left palms." From that it is but a movement to turn the hands and rest the cheek against the fingers, the second phalanges, so that under the eye the rings shine, out of focus and blurred, but, oh! how exquisite in hue! I have a couple of my old turquoise rings with just a hint of green in the stones, and they make a summer sea for me; and a moonstone, with a gleam of moon-light-blue in it, cut in a very high cabochon, that spells all the iridescent glory of misty cerulean and white and mauve dawnings, and the scent of "another blue day."

A BEAUTIFUL EMERALD.

I have a square table emerald, not eleven inch!—perhaps as well, as one could hardly wear such a gem!—that sits bolt upright in its plain, square, severe gold setting, a ring that won't go under a glove, bad scan to it; and, laid against the cheek, I can look down into—not green water, not a green thought in a green shade, but deep, deep, deep, and bottomless, a pit alight with green fire. Such a ring is better further away. *I like escaping* from the conventional, and when a friend of mine confided to me that her father was going to give her an all-round diamond barley wreath for the wedding present, I—much as I adore barley (now worked to death unfortunately)—besought her to choose instead a crown of emerald ivy, and—"well—will it run to it? If not suggest to your father that there is such a thing as a peridot!"—and peridot ivy enwreathes glorious ash-blonded locks that part with never a wave but twist into great glossy ropes, or turn back adorably and "stay put" into big soft curls. There was "enough over" to add to the coronet a pendant of peridots, a large heart-shaped stone with a small one surmounting it with a shape and a twist suggesting a flame, a burning green flame above the green heart! Those, of course, were the only large stones; the ivy-leaves were made of small ones. How fascinating this fashion for small stones is! I should like to possess certain gems of really rather startling size—as I said before, gives me one really big diamond, and not a whole parure of medium stones!—and the same with pearls, and the same, again, with several of the minor sort. (I want a very dark amethyst, the size of an egg—a pullet's egg, to be moderate), but I desire a treillage of tiniest diamonds, and a flexible diamond ribbon, and I want a diamond snake that will wind round my throat several times (an unusual "dog-collar"—and how I hate those collars, as a rule!), with its big flat head. It may have a head with a hood like a cobra, if it likes, but all, you know, transparent—just a fairy setting of little sparkles!

ON THE WEARING OF PEARLS.

And, then, as to pearls: One huge string, or a set of seed pearls, tiara, long earrings, rope and all. By the way, pearls arranged as a tiara can look very well. I known a woman who got so tired of her long rope that she had the "beads" threaded on a wire foundation and formed into a triple-row Greek bandeau for her heir, "without any visible means of support!" A loose string of pearls twined in the tresses is apt to get tiresomely out of place, and flops up and down when one dances in an infuriating fashion! Was it Mrs. Cecil Bingham who was over photographed lately wearing her pearls one shoulder, and under the opposite arm, of late? It looked charming in a photograph, but must be dangerous "in real life," though not more so than the Duchess of Sutherland's rope to her knees. Queen Alexandra's—a real rope, that, and no single string—caught in the handle of her carriage once with devastating results. I myself once had the amazing experience of breaking a small string at Prince's—most foolishly strung with no knots between each pearl, and they ran about the ice in a dangerous and most elusive fashion. The trouble was that they were not mine; they had been lent me by a friend, knowing I could get them a good colour for her. It was a tiresome half-hour. I don't like dog-collars, as I have said before, but I nearly changed my mind on seeing one made of moonstones. And I have seen a necklace fitting closely to the base of the throat, made of three rows of stones—amethyst, sapphire, and emerald—and I admit it was simply perfection when worn by the right woman. She had three half-hoop rings of the same stones worn on one finger, and no other jewels at all; only with her white gown, of despairingly perfect simplicity, she wore a great loose bunch of velvet clematis in her dusky hair—purple and sapphire clematis with green leaves! These jewels are, of course, of the more severe and solid order, but some of the new designs are like dew-sprinkled cobwebs for fineness and lightness. I have seen a diamond tiara and necklace lately, the maker of which had evidently been put on his mettle to produce something Titania might were. It was more like water than anything else—the lines of tiny stones in an invisible setting took the movements of breaking waves, and in the centre of the tiara it was as if a fountain had suddenly risen, to "break in the air like spray." It was a "tour de force" of delicate workmanship. And, for a complete contrast, go to the jewellery room at the British Museum, and realise how gloriously becoming some of those antique gold ornaments can be. There are two or three pieces there for which, if one could only get gold of that colour nowadays—real golden gold—I would give half the modern jewellery ever fashioned.

News from the Dera Ismail Khan border states that a small Public Works party engaged on road repairs in the Shirani country were fired upon by some of the local tribesmen. Two horses belonging to a sub-overseer, were shot.

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BY THE WAY.

THE GARTER.

Prince Edward, who, on the 10th instant, was admitted to the Order of the Garter, is, as Prince of Wales and by right of birth, a Knight of the Order. Shakespeare makes Falstaff refer to this when he [illegible] boon companion Prince Hal to "Go hang [illegible] in thine own heir-apparent Garter." Knight of the Garter is the rarest title that can be conferred by the King of Britain, and it has well been described as chivalry's first Order. About one-third of the living Knights are ruling Kings or Emperors—the Kaiser, King Alfonso of Spain, King Haakon of Norway, and the Emperor of Japan being amongst some of the members of this "Most Noble Order."

A CHAPTER OF THE GARTER.

The scene at the Chapter of the Garter is one of magnificent splendour and gorgeous ceremonial. The Chapter is held at Windsor Castle. The twenty-five Knights-Companions of the Order are all summoned, and are robed in the Guard Chamber of the Castle. Two by two they pass in stately procession to the Music Gallery, where the Garter King of Arms, clad in crimson satin mantle, and wearing the insignia of the Order, calls the roll. Then the procession proceeds to the Throne Room into the Kingly presence, and the Bishop of Oxford, as Chancellor of the Order, reads the statute declaring the election of the Knight into the companionship of the Garter. Then the King, having announced the election, buckles the garter on the Knight's left leg. A grand banquet usually closes the gorgeous ceremonials of the Chapter.

THE EAGLES OF NAPOLEON.

We have just passed the centenary of the arrival in England of the first Napoleonic Eagle captured in battle by the British Army. In an interesting article by Mr. Edward Fraser in the "United Service Magazine," we are told that in May, 1811, one Eagle and eleven other French standards, taken in the Peninsular War, reached London; and, ten days later, on the 18th of the month—having been shown to the Royal Family at Windsor Castle meanwhile—the trophies were publicly displayed on the Horse Guards Parade, and conveyed, with an elaborate military display, to the Chapel Royal Whitehall, the old "Banqueting Hall," which now serves as the Museum of the Royal United Service Institution.

A GREAT TROPHY.

The great trophy of the day was the Eagle won at Barrosa, the "Eagle with the Golden Wreath," as it was popularly called—now unfortunately gone to the melting-pot in a thieves' kitchen. A gilded dummy represents it at Chelsea Hospital, as is frankly stated on a small brass tablet affixed underneath the memorial trophy now there, set up among the twelve genuine Napoleonic Eagles, which we possess. A careful drawing of the Barrosa trophy had fortunately been made not long before by one of the Captains of the Royal Hospital, while the "Eagle with the Golden Wreath" was still in existence, and from it the existing effigy was made.

CALIFORNIA OIL GUSHERS.

The oil business of the State of California, the British Consul at San Francisco, tells in his latest reports, has been seriously affected by the enormous flow from some of the wells commonly known as "gushers." Some of these gushers, notably the Lakeview, produced as much as 48,000 barrels per day, and a large quantity of oil ran to waste, as the company was quite unprepared to handle such an immense flow at short notice. In August, 1910, no less than eight of these gushers, old and new, were spouting in the oilfields of Kern County. At the end of that month, the Lakeview was still making about 17,000 barrels per day, while the great well of the American Oilfields had produced from 20,000 to 40,000 barrels per day. A moderate estimate of the amount of British capital invested in the oil-fields of California places it at £4,000,000.

THE LATE M. ROUVIER.

M. Rouvier acquired his intimate knowledge of finance as a clerk in the banking house of Zaffiropoulo at Marseilles. His competence was such that, while little more than a boy, he was given chief charge of the speculations in wheat in which his firm engaged on the Marseilles Bourse. At the same time he was engaging in politics, and he was only twenty-eight, when he procured Gambetta his seat for the Bouches-du-Rhone, and was rewarded with office of secretary-general at the Prefecture. His eloquence has been compared to that of a resourceful merchant bargaining with a subtle Levantine in a cafe; but it was indubitably effective. When he employed it to extricate himself from tight places, even those who disapproved admired. "Il est fort, celui-la," was the verdict even of his enemies; and so he held office many times, and was twice Prime Minister.

ABOUT QUEEN MARY.

Sir Clement Kinloch-Cooke, in a little book, "Life of Her Majesty Queen Mary," just published by Messrs. Nelson in their shilling library, has unearthed a number of interesting particulars concerning the girlhood and later life of Queen Mary. There never was, of course, a more wonderful baby, and from her earliest years she seems to have won all hearts: "The baby is such a pet," wrote a friend of the family staying with the Duchess at Cambridge Cottage, "and will sit for hours on one's knee playing with her sock, or lie on the floor on a cushion quite good, requiring no one to dandle or amuse her. . . . The Prince quite enjoyed being without the formidable head nurse, as he could pop into the nursery whenever he liked. One day he undressed the baby and bathed her before she was put to bed. She is very fond of her papa, who looks supremely happy when he has sole charge of his little treasure." "If you look in to-morrow you can see the blessed baby" was the fond mother's kindly message to a Kew resident, who had long been honoured with the friendship of the Princess.

A COURSE OF READING.

The child did not escape the usual sicknesses of tender years, but she grew up a healthy and handsome girl. Although her social duties were many she was fond of study, and mapped out for herself a course of reading, which she continued to follow up to the time of her marriage: Her plan was to read something every day and then to talk it over with the lady who had been her governess. . . Each mornig Princess May read a chapter in the Bible, and no matter how many things had to be done, her religious duties were never neglected or postponed. No uncut books were found on her bookshelves, and the well-turned pages of each volume showed that it was continually in use. Tennyson, Carlyle, Emerson, and George Eliot were favourite authors with the Princess, while the works of Macaulay, Froude, Lamb, Motley, Moliere, Goethe, and Dante, also found a place in her small library. Order and regularity, it is said, were two of her guiding principles as she grew up to womanhood, and nothing was ever out of place; in her boudoir the books were properly classified, while her writing-table was always neatly arranged.

AS MUSICIAN.

The Princess did not possess her mother's passion for music, but she was fond of singing, and her voice, naturally sweet and sympathetic, improved in quality and strength under the able tuition of Signor (now Sir) Paolo Tosti: For the ordinary love song, the Princess had no fancy, preferring songs like "The Lost Chord" and "The Convent Gate." Sacred music always appealed to her, and she was fond of hearing the organ played and listening to the singing of a well-trained choir. Her father looked upon sport as a man's pastime; he did not consider it added to the attractions of a woman. Accordingly, sport was not encouraged on the feminine side at White Lodge. An exception was made as regards driving, and Princess May might often be seen about the neighbourhood driving the ponies given her by the town of Richmond, when she came of age. In all things she was her brothers' comrade and playmate, and whatever pleased them was sure to please her.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath, and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed, Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it.

THE TWO SERVICES.

A GENUINE DEMONSTRATION.

When the naval review lacked numerically in comparison with the assemblies of warships in honour of the Jubilee and Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria, was more than compensated by the armoured strength which was included in the great armada in honour of King George. To confine the comparison to the concentration of ships in 1897, discloses the fact that whereas on that occasion the battleship tonnage amounted in the aggregate to 257,980, it totalled 523,650 tons in the ensuing review, while the figures in respect of armoured cruisers are 63,330 tons in 1897, against 328,250 on this occasion, the combined total being 321,310 and 851,900 tons respectively. This aspect of the 1911, review was no less gratifying than its relative degree of efficiency; indeed, the predominant feature of the display at Spithead was the absence of "make-believes" which int he past have given a somewhat fictitious value to naval displays in honour of British and foreign Sovereigns. There was no deception about the Coronation Review in regard to the efficiency of either the personnel or the materiel. The former consisted in the main of active service ratings and the latter of vessels 75 per cent. of which are permanently maintained on a war footing, while the balance could have their nucleus crew complements and war munitions completed in 24 hours. There was consequently less scope for adverse criticism, because the spurious element—inefficient ships and unseasoned crews—were absent.

TWO NOTABLE SHIPS.

To the Jarrow-built "Hercules" and the Devonport-built "Lion" belong respectively the credit of being the largest completed "Dreadnought" battleship and the most powerful cruiser in the world's fleets. The "Hercules", which is credited with a displacement of 22,250 tons, was delivered by Palmer's Shipbuilding Company on the 15th ultimo, and on the completion of her acceptance trials, it is stated that, unlike all previous ships of the "Dreadnought" type, she will not join the first Division of the Home Fleet, but will replace the "King Edward VII." as flagship of the Second Division. From this it follows that the "Colossus," a sistership of the "Neptune," will also set free one of the "King Edward" class from the Second Division to further reinforce the Third Division under Prince Louis of Battenberg, which will then include four of the eight "King Edwards". The cruiser "Lion" is the first vessel to receive a complete equipment of the 13·5in. gun, all eight weapons being in position, consequently on her forthcoming trials she will discharge the heaviest broadside of any vessel in the world. This is an opportune occasion, therefore, to compare the development in broadside fire which has taken place in five years, the progress being as follows:—

	"Dreadnought." 1906.		"Lion." 1911.
Number of broadside guns	8	...	8
Calibre of guns	12in.	...	13·5in.
Weight of broadside	6,800lb.	...	10,000lb.
Muzzle energy	380,000ft. tons.	...	552,000ft. tons.

The "Lion," therefore, possesses approximately 30 per cent. greater "smashing" power than the prototype of the all-big gun ship.

SUBMARINE'S ADVENTURE.

The wave-washed and rust-stained appearance of submarine "C 38" on her arrival at Hong Kong suggested that the vessel had been subjected to a good deal more buffeting about than was experinced by either of her two consorts during the voyage from England. The condition in which "C 38" reached the end of the memorable run is now explained by a report from the cruiser "Edgar," which was deputed to tow the submarine from the Suez to Colombo. During this stage of the journey, high seas were encountered, which caused the tow line to part, leaving the small craft adrift. Fortunately "C 38" had on board a sufficient supply of petrol to enable her to proceed independently of the towing ship, and it speaks well for the seaworthy qualities of the "C" class that for two days the submarine maintained her own motive power, notwithstanding that the seas constantly swept over her. Meanwhile, the "Edgar" kept the submarine under observation, and on the third day after the tow line parted the weather had moderated sufficiently for the connection to be restored. Heavy weather was again experienced before the "Edgar," and her charge reached Colombo, the high seas making flashing signals from the submarine discernible only with much difficulty. Happily the adventurous passage was completed without loss of life or personal injury. The next oversea submarine flotilla will be established at Malta, whither three of the "B" class, which are being fitted with a triangular-shaped superstructure, roofed in to form a navigating bridge, will be dispatched in the autumn.

EAST INDIES AND CHINA SQUADRONS.

Rear-Admiral Edmond Slade, Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies Station, takes an optimistic view of the naval situation in the Middle East, as opposed to the prevalent opinion that our position in those waters has been rendered insecure by the growth of naval power which may become a menace to British interests. Admiral Slade considers that the East Indies Squadron is sufficient at present for all practical purposes, his logical conclusion being that "wherever the enemy has a force with which we have to deal there we must place the force to deal with it, but that to put a force where there is no necessity for it is to attract the enemy's force to a place where we don't want it to be." On this line of reasoning Admiral Slade argues that the Admiralty is not likely to place more ships in the Indian Ocean than are absolutely necessary for current needs. With reference to the China Squadron, Sir Edmond Slade does not agree with the agitation in favour of swift cruisers being sent to roam about the sea with the idea of picking up hostile ships. "A needle in a bundle of hay," says Admiral Slade, by way of an apt illustration, "is nothing compared to looking for a ship in a wide ocean." At the same time, Admiral Slade recognises the value of speed and forecasts that in due course the speed of the ships forming the component parts of the Eastern Fleet will have to be increased in order to keep abreast with the increased speed of all ships on the trade routes. For the work, however, which at present has to be performed on the China and East Indies stations. Admiral Slade considers the present classes of ships quite suitable on the principle that as it is not economical to use a steam hammer to weld a horse power, so also it is unnecessary to utilise big armoured cruisers to deal with vessels which are relatively small and weak.

REDUCTION OF INDIAN ARMY.

The proposals for the reduction of the effective strength of the Indian Army seem to be very ill-advised, and one can only hope that common-sense will prevail, and prevent the adoption of so suicidal a policy. It would be interesting to know how the suggestion of reduction first arose. It could scarcely have come from Lord Kitchener, and it is doubtful whether it has his support. To reduce an army which has never been brought up to its proper establishment as laid down after mature deliberation would certainly be an extraordinary procedure.

AIDES-DE-CAMP TO THE KING.

When a decision was come to to appoint certain General Officers Aides-de-Camp General to the King, reference was made to the fact that there were no officers of the Indian Army on the list. This occasioned much disappointment. One is glad to learn, therefore, that there is every probability of matters being put right in due course, as there was no intention of slighting in any way those who have risen to rank and distinction in the Indian Service.

THE VETERANS' RESERVE.

The enthusiasm which prevailed at the meeting held at the Kensington Town Hall recently to inaugurate the formation of a local branch of the Veterans' Reserve, shows that the movement is destined to play a prominent part in our system of national defence. It is no secret that on the military side of the War Office, it is regarded with distinct favour. Kensington has hitherto lagged behind; but this is no longer to be allowed. The Mayor (Sir Walter Phillimore) has taken the matter up, and is doing all in his power to encourage a proper patriotic spirit. Surrey has set a splendid example, and all other counties ought to fall into line.

PROMOTION TO GENERAL OFFICERS.

Promotion to the establishment of General Officers promises to be slow this year. There is certainly no prospect of last year a progress being maintained. An unexpected vacancy has occurred by the retirement of Major-General Mahon, R. A., an Indian pensioner, but it is doubtful whether more than six colonels at the outside will go forward to the higher rank before the end of the year is reached.

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☞ I possess numerous certificates from officials, Europeans, Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to be convinced, are requested to come and inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases: They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia; Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 186 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, lion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find restor happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism, Gout, and Paralysis, acute or chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of one is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORHEA, STERLITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid an Melibes—and complaints thereto, both acute and chronic, are thoroughly cured harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows —
For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantiasis Pills and Oil for 20 days, Rs. 15-8.
For Piles, Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 6-8
For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8
For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.
For Billous complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 5-8.
For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
For Rheumatism, Gout and Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointment for 15 days, Rs. 10-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 25 days, Rs. 10-8

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough, Cold, Throat Irritation Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy, after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons, mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients, Pills or mixture or 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be. Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE, the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 8-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 days Rs. 6-8

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested clearly their to state age disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

In addition to the abovementiond medicines there are several other superior medicines of different prices for complaints mentioned above and also for several other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd H. W. WILLIAMS.
Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo.

Dear Doctor,—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend you tomy friends. Yours faithfully,

J. W. BREAKEY Government Telegraphs.
5th September, 1905.

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